The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,631—New Series. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1905. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

Milkmaid BRAND **Milk** LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 1905, Saturday, 2 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
11th Nov.	MOLDAVIA	10000		
18th „	ORIENTAL	5284	MONGOLIA	10000
25th „	EGYPT	7912		
2nd Dec.	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
9th „	MOOLTAN	10000		
16th „	ORIENTAL	5284	MARMORA	10509
23rd „	ARABIA	7903		
30th „	PENINSULAR	5294	MACEDONIA	10512
1906				
6th Jan.	CALEDONIA	7558		
13th Jan	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	[illegible]
20th „	PERSIA	7951		
27th „	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	[illegible]
3rd Feb.	EGYPT	7912		
10th „	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
17th „	CHINA	7912		
24th „	PENINSULAR	5294	BRITANNIA	[illegible]
3rd Mar.	ARABIA	7903		
10th „	ORIENTAL	5284	MOLDAVIA	10000
17th „	MACEDONIA	10512		
24th „	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	10060
31st „	PERSIA	7951		
7th Apl.	ORIENTAL	5284	MOOLTAN	10000
14th „	EGYPT	7912		
21st „	PENINSULAR	5294	MARMORA	10509
28th „	CALEDONIA	7558		
5th May	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	[illegible]
12th „	ARABIA	7903		
19th „	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	[illegible]
26th „	MACEDONIA	10512		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company,
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
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PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	2nd Nov. 1905.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Etienne	30th Nov. „
YARRA	4,248	Sellier	28th Dec. „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT, AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
NERA	5,876	Schmitz	11th Nov. 1905.
DUMBIA	5,916	Royer	9th Dec. 1905.

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 585, 3rd class Rs. 295.
For further Particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Agent.
57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

MAY 1st 1905.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,
From BOMBAY via KARACHI TO
LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA);
LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Commander	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
				1905	1905	1905	1905
B	Aston Hall	[illegible]	*M'Fee	10th Oct.	23rd Oct	[illegible] Nov	13th Nov
A	City of Bombay	[illegible]	Snow	19th „	31st „	13th „	18th „
B	Prome	[illegible]	*M'Kay	2nd Nov	14th Nov	28th „	3rd Dec
B	Branksome Hall	4700	*Hood	11th „	23rd „	7th Dec	14th „

Steamers marked * have no Electric Light.

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents, ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,
BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date	Time.	Route,—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	6 Nov.	10 a.m.	P'Bunder & Cutch.
LAMA	2170	Tues.	7 Nov.	4 p.m.	Kathiawar Ports
KOLA	1200	Thur.	2 Nov.	9 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid.	3 Nov.	8 a.m.	(direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "WAROONGA," 2,513 tons, on MONDAY, 6th Nov. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 2nd Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "PUTIALA," 3,000 tons, on or about 8th Nov. calling at Seychelles, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,700 tons, on or about 8th Nov.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to :—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
31st October, 1905.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Nov. 1905.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Dec. „
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Jan. 1906.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
† PERSIA	P. Craglietto	5,895	5th Nov. 1905.
† SILESIA	L. de Stabile	6,000	5th Dec. „
*† TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5,095	25th Dec. „
*† NIPPON	L. Soich	6,316	24th Jan. 1906.

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 611

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyds and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
CHINA	S. Tomanovich	6,000	26th Nov. 1905

For further particulars regarding Passages,
Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent General.
Sassoon House, 54, Church Gate Street,
Fort, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th Nov. 1905.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Dec. 1905.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th Jan. 1906.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	609	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 2 years	„ 900	„ 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Nov. 1905.
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	16th Dec. 1905.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Jan. 1906.

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Hornby Road, No. 59.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition,—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date, Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3, to subscribers in Bombay; Rs. 16 to the Mofussil.

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VERY SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS.
PLAIN AND SILVER-MOUNTED.
A NEW VARIETY TO HAND.
SPECIALLY SELECTED.

PARTRIDGE CANES, CROOK PIMENTO, BAKU CANE, REAL WHANGHEE, CRUTCH MANORAS, CUMMA ASH, EBONY CROOKS, & OTHER VARIETIES.

FROM RS. 3 TO RS. 30.

HOAR & CO., The GENTS' OUTFITTERS, **BOMBAY.**

MONGINI BROTHERS.

FINEST ITALIAN CONFECTIONERY.

	Rs. as.	
VENCHI'S CARAMELLE MIGNON (with Fruit Gelatine)	1 12	per lb
VENCHI'S DRAGEES (Imitation Pears, Cherries, Hazelnuts, Beans etc.)	1 12	„
VENCHI'S ROCK DROPS, SATINES, FOURRES, etc.	1 12	„

or in Small Pocket Flasks As. 8 each and in Large size patent air-tight Glass Jars Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 7.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
DESSERT CHOCOLATES
CHOCOLATE COINS, MEDALS,
CIGARETTES, ETC., ETC.

UP-COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

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MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS,
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TELEPHONE NO. 325.

COOK'S HOTEL COUPONS ACCEPTED.

A FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

COMMANDS A SPLENDID VIEW OF THE MAIDAN.
UNDOUBTEDLY THE HEALTHIEST AND MOST ACCESSIBLE LOCALITY IN CALCUTTA.
Every BEDROOM has a BATHROOM Attached.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS.
Telegrams and Letters receive prompt attention.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
CALCUTTA.

TABLE D'HOTE RESERVED FOR HOTEL RESIDENTS AND THEIR GUESTS.

RESTAURANT a LA CARTE and PRIVATE DINING ROOMS on the Ground floor, with separate entrance. No public bar kept.

SPACIOUS PAVILION, SPECIALLY INTENDED FOR LADIES,
REPLETE WITH EVERY COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE.

F. A. BOSCOLO. Proprietor.

PLEASE NOTE THAT

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
IS THE ONLY ONE
In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA ! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies ? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co. etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade

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MESSRS. MARCKS & CO. Ltd., are now showing an Unparalleled collection of the Choicest Designs in

PEARL AND GEM SET JEWELLERY.

Artistic in Conception and of Unimpeachable Workmanship.

DIAMONDS.
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DRESS NECKLACES.
DRESS BROOCHES.
DRESS PENDANTS.
DRESS BRACELETS.
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DRESS HAIR and HEAD ORNAMENTS.
DRESS TIARAS.
DRESS EARRINGS.
DRESS RINGS.
DRESS NECK GUARDS.
and
KNICKNACKS in a thousand Artistic forms.

NOTE.—Write specially and have your name registered with us at once for a Free Copy of our "SOUVENIR of the ROYAL VISIT to INDIA of THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES The PRINCE and PRINCESS of WALES." It is a volume of nearly 200 pages and will contain a separate photograph of each member of the Royal Family, Royal Residences and other pictures of Special interest.

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MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

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"KEY" MARK PILSENER BEER.
LIGHT, PURE, WHOLESOME.

HADENFELDT & CO., CALCUTTA,
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS IN INDIA.

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KARACHI AND BOMBAY.
To be had of all Wine and Spirit Dealers.

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STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY, AND THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'-WAR.

105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN, and GORGONZOLA CHEESE.

PURE and GENUINE LUCCA OIL of the OLIVES for TABLE and CULINARY Purpose.

PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.

MILAN SAUSAGES in SKIN (Italian). ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose). BLACK and GREEN OLIVES (loose). All kinds of French, Italian and German Stores.

CREME DIVINE in Tins. It is a delicious CUSTARD ready for the Table.

MACARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES Assorted. Prices reduced for the Season only from the 15th of October to 31st of December, 1905, a Box of 10lbs. MACCARONI VERMICELLI or PASTES at Rs. 2-8 and loose by the pound at 5 annas.

UNICUM (The Great stomach strengthening Agent.

ELISIR CHINA (Calisa's Liqueur) A Tonic restorative for general debility.

VERMOUTH (French and Italian). CHIANTI, BARBERA, CAPRI, LACRIMA CHRISTE, and MARSALA (Wines). CHERRY, and B.B. BRANDY, BENEDICTINE and CHARTREUSE, LENTILLES, DRY PEAS, WHITE and RED BEANS.

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a Speciality and a thoroughly Genuine article.—Only Rs. 10 per Dozen Bottles.

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract, Satisfaction guaranteed, Correspondence invited

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

THE TWO FAVORITES.
KING'S LIQUEUR WHISKY,
TENNENT'S PILSENER BEER,

Of all dealers, or of

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., Ld., BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

THOS. COOK AND SON.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON

Current and Deposit Accounts opened
Pay and Pensions collected.
Drafts and Cable Transfers issued.
Shares bought and sold ; Dividends realised
Insurances effected ; Premiums paid.
Agency Business undertaken.
Rules of Business on application

DUCKETT'S MONUMENTAL WORKS.
EAST STREET, POONA.

A LARGE consignment of SUPERIOR MARBLE now coming in from Carrara, Italy. Over forty men employed. Machinery about to be installed. Memorials quickly erected anywhere and everywhere.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES, of IRON and STEEL, ARRIVED per HANSA LINE s. s. "WILDENFELS," B. Shed, Prince's Dock, are hereby informed that their Consignments ex above Vessel, are ready for delivery.

JOHN HAND,
Superintendent, Port Trust Docks.
Dated 1st November, 1905.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are advised that a Revised TIME TABLE of the Local and Suburban trains between COLABA and VIRAR will be introduced with effect from MONDAY next, the 6th November, 1905.

Detailed timings may be ascertained from the Sheet Time Tables exhibited at Stations.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
Acting General Traffic Manager.
General Traffic Manager's Office,
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

MR. HENRY WENDEN, C. I. E having RETURNED from LEAVE of absence has resumed CHARGE of the Office of Agent of the Company in India with effect from the forenoon of the 27th October, 1905.

By Order
FRANK MUIR,
Secretary.
Bombay 27th October, 1905.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY,

(INCLUDING INDIAN MIDLAND SECTION.)

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECOND-HAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, RAIL PIECES, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, AXLES, TYRES, WHEELS, &c. &c. &c.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive TENDERS at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd November, 1905, for the purchase of above, which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent, Wadi Bunder, and to the Assistant Storekeeper, Jhansi.

TENDERS :—These must be made out on the Company's authorized forms, which can be had on application to the undersigned at his Office, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

TERMS :—The sum of Rs. 200 must accompany each Tender as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of contract, failure in which shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit without the Railway having to prove any loss by the transaction. Only cash, currency notes or Government Promissory Notes will be received as deposits and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

PAYMENT :—To be made to the Company's Cashier, Bombay, on receipt of the acceptance of the offer.

NOTE :—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

APPLICANTS are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay for and remove within one month from the date of acceptance of Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office.
Parel 31st October, 1905.

In the Goods of HENRY JAMES BENNET HARGRAVE formerly of Bombay, India, late of 56 Upper Mount Street, City of Dublin and 16 Shrewsbury Road, Merrion, Co., Dublin. Chief Engineer (Retired) B. G. Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Company, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having CLAIMS against the Assets of the above named Henry James Bennet Hargrave, who died on the 30th day of July, 1905, are required on or before the 31st day of December, 1905, to furnish particulars (in writing) of their claims to the undersigned Solicitor for Sir James Creed Meredith, Charles Chatterton Deane M.D. and Thomas B. Middleton, the three executors' names in the will of deceased and to whom Probate of Said Will was on the 2nd day of October, 1905, granted forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice, Ireland, King's Bench Division,(Probate) AND NOTICE is hereby further given that after said 31st day of December, 1905, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the Assets of said deceased having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.—Dated this 6th day of October, 1905.

A. H. MIDDLETON,
Solicitor for Executors.
26 Eustace Street, Dublin.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI MEHERBAI widow of NUSSERWANJI CAWASJI VATCHHAGHANDHY has contracted to SELL to our client the following property. All persons having any claim or demand to or on the property by way of inheritence, sale, lease, mortgage charge, gift or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known to the undersigned at their Office No 57 Esplanade Road, Fort, within fourteen days from the date hereof after which date the sale will be completed without reference to such claim if any and all such claims and demands will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece of leasehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon familiarly known as Meher Mansion situate on the East side of a New Road of the Esplanade in the City and Island and sub-Registration District of Bombay which has been computed to contain as to part thereof reserved as garden space 517 Square Yards or thereabouts and as to the remainder thereof 1000 Square Yards or thereabouts making a total area of 1517 Square Yards or thereabouts and which is bounded on the North by a passage, on the East by vacant land of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay, on the South by Plot No. 6 Wellington Lines, on the West by a new Road which said piece of land is known as Plot No. 7 Wellington Lines and forms portion of the lands vested in the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay for the purposes and subject to the conditions in the City of Bombay Improvement Act, 1898, provided and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under part of Survey Nos. 9562 and 9563 and are assessed by the Municipality under Ward No, 1301 (7) Street No. 3 F. and were formerly vacant and are now in the occupation of the Vendor Meherbai widow of Nusserwanji Cowasji Vatchhaghandhy or her under tenants.—Dated this 31st day of October, 1905,

EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA, & CO.
Purchaser's solicitors.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.

APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA AT THEIR BOMBAY BRANCH FOR A LIMITED NUMBER OF SIX PER CENT PREFERENCE SHARES AT PAR.

UNDER ARRANGEMENTS with the London Underwriters and in order to enable Bombay Investors, who may desire to do so to acquire an interest in the undertaking upon the same terms as the London issue 6 per cent. Preference Shares of the aggregate par value of £30,000 (say, at Exchange 1s, 4d. = Rs. 4,50,000) have been allocated for offer at Bombay. The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China has been authorised to receive applications for these shares at par, and will, on application, issue prospectuses of the Company and forms of application. The par value of the shares is £10 each and the amount at present called up and payable on application is £4 per share which must be paid in rupees at the rate of Exchange for demand bank bills on London ruling on date such payment is made or at the option of the applicant by demand bank bill on London. The list of applications for these shares will be closed on or before the 11th November next.

A Register of Shareholders will be opened at the Company's Bombay office.

By Order of the Board,
F. C. RIMINGTON.
Managing Director,
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

NOTE.—The authorized Share Capital of the Company is £1,200,000, divided into 60,000 6 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £10 each and 60,000 Ordinary Shares of £10 each, and £300,000 4½ per cent. Debenture Stock has been issued and is in course of being paid up in full, £4 per share has been paid up upon the Preference Shares and the balance will be called up as required by instalments not exceeding £2 per share at intervals of not less than one month between each call.

The Dividend on the Preference shares will be payable half-yearly by warrants issued from London on the 15th February and 15th August. The Preference Shares will be entitled to a Cumulative Preferential Dividend of 6 per cent per annum and will rank after the Debenture Stock but in priority to the Ordinary Shares in respect of Capital repayment.

For further particulars intending applicants are referred to the Prospectus issued in London and dated 8th August, 1905, a reprint of which can be obtained on application to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Bombay.

NOTICE.

COTTON GREEN STORAGE GROUND.

FIRMS and INDIVIDUALS intending to RE-OCCUPY LAND at the Colaba Cotton Green, for the Season 1905-06 are requested to kindly take up the Plots required by them and pay the Season Ground Rent due on same by the 8th November next. The Rents should be paid at the Port Trust Fee Receiving office at the Apollo Reclamation.

After the 8th November, 1905, any Plots not re-occupied and paid for, will be considered as vacant and rented out to first applicant's offering.

J. W. WATSON,
Ag. Traffic Manager,
Port Trust Bunders.
Bombay, October 1905.

PETROL MOTOR CAR BRAND.—Imported by the ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD., Bombay, Agents :—FAZULBHOY M. CHINOY and Co., in Messrs SALEBHOY TYEBJEE and SONS' Premises, Dalal Lane, Fort.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

"BOMBAY PRESIDENCY TRADES ASSOCIATION."

THE MAJORITY of the TRADING FIRM'S Members of the above Association will CLOSE as under during the Royal Visit :—

On THURSDAY 9th and SATURDAY 11th. November close at NOON.
MONDAY 13th November close FULL DAY.

ROYAL VISIT ILLUMINATION.

MORE than 50,000 Ratnagar Patent Globe Glasses of Various Colours to sell or let or hire in Stock for the occasion at moderate charges.

HAJI YUSUF GLASSWALA & SONS,
283, Bhaji Pala Lane,
Abdal Rahman Street, Bombay.

The most up-to-date LEATHER WORKS
in Southern India.
CHEAPEST, BEST
and Largest show of
LEATHER GOODS on Sale.
TRAVELLING REQUISITES,
Trunks, Gladstones Kit Bags, &c.
HARNESS and SADDLERY.
Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Girls'
FOOTWEAR of all Kinds.
Every article
GUARANTEED SOLID LEATHER,
No cardboard used.

SUTOR & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD.
Agents to the WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT and EQUIPMENT FACTORY,
SION, BOMBAY.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up) ....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS,

THE CURE FOR
GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

THE never-failing effects of EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS in curing these distressingly painful diseases have secured to them a celebrity unequalled by any medicine of past or present times. They not only give relief in a few hours where the patient has been driven almost to madness by the horrible excruciating tortures of this disease, but restore to perfect health in an inconceivably short space of time—in most cases giving relief from the intolerable pain in one or two hours; one bottle will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days, even when the patient has kept his bed for as many weeks, and sometimes months.

The authenticated proofs of decided approbation, sent unsolicited to the Proprietor, from all parts of the kingdom and from all classes of society with a rapidly increasing sale, and a demand for them at home and abroad unparalleled fully warrants the assurance that no person subject to these disorders will, after a trial, be without them.

PREPARED ONLY BY

GEORGE EADE, 232, GOSWELL ROAD, LONDON, E. C.

and sold everywhere in bottles, 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d.

SALES BY AUCTION

MENESSE AND COMPANY,

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF GOODS DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

Messrs. MENESE & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 1st November, 1905, at 2 p.m., on account of the concerned.—

A number of packages damaged by fire and water, containing confectionary, preserved plums iron tower bolts, collars, lithographic stenic, soaps cotton piece-goods, ivory nut buttons, hats, glass beads, essence, false pearls, etc.

MENESSE & Co.,
Bombay, 1st November, 1905.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY

NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

GRAND BONA-FIDE SALE OF JAPANESE CURIOSITIES SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

On TUESDAY, the 7th and WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, next to Mr. James Pearse, and above the Post Office in Apollo Street, Fort, without reserve to the highest bidders a consignment of Japanese curiosities just landed ex s. s. "Simla" consisting of :—

Awata, Awaji, Ishiyaki, Kyomidzu, Satsuma, and Korean vases, Koros, jardiniers, pedestals, flower bowls, umbrella spills and stands, garden seats, real gold figures, ice bowl, milk and chocolate jugs, coffee cups and saucers tea sets, tobacco jars with covers, bon bon boxes, plates, buttons, flower pots, hanging vases, ash trays, bronze and antimony vases, table ornaments electric stand, okimono figure lamp and candle stands, silver clois vase koro, cloisonne umbrella handles and buckles, lacquered work such as pannels, brackets, trays handker-chief and glove boxes, work boxes, table, hat stands, albums, tobacco and cigarette cases, card, match and powder boxes, cruets cabinets, photo frames, oil painted pictures and screens, crape kimonos and paijamas, pieces of silk, silk fans photo frames, pin cushions handkerchiefs, lady's silk kimonos, bamboo fishing rods, umbrellas, fish tooth figures, jute carpets paper lanterns, a collection of old Japanese coins, hammocks, cotton table cloths, four fold cotton screens, etc.

Catalogues will be published and the goods will be on view, 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 1st November, 1905.

TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL is allowed on every cycle bought of us. Your Money in full refunded without question if not perfectly satisfactory. Highest grade cycles, warranted six years.

LATEST MODELS £2.10 to £6 Eadie or New Departure Coaster Hubs, Dunlop or Clincher A Won Tyres, Inverted Lever Rim Brakes, Two Speed Gears, etc.

Packed and Delivered Free to any port in the world. We guarantee safe delivery.

200 Second-Hand Cycles all makes, £1 to £2.10 good as new.

Great factory clearance sale at half factory prices.

EARN A CYCLE taking orders from sample machine. Active Agents wanted in each district. Large profits easily made. Write at once for free catalogues and our special offer, using sufficient postage. Tyres, Sundries, Sewing Machines, Phonographs, &c., half prices.

MEAD CYCLE CO. Dept. C 26.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND CHICAGO.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion. One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER.—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8. We recommend it.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS :—We are now showing an excellent and choice selection of E.P. Ware, Cutlery, Crockery, Table and Bed Linens, Cretonnes, etc. Inspection invited. M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

REPAIRS OF Re. 1-8 within 25 years, I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which I purchased 25 years ago, has required only Re. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. J. R. Gardener, 16, Forbes Street, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Re. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re 1-0-0; Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

WANTED Gentlemen to get their Applications, Memorials, Appeals prepared in a very effective style to insure success. Done in expert form. Apply to Box "No. 1231A Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

COTTON BUSINESS.—Cotton, and Seed, and Factory Business, Upcountry. WANT POST as Manager, or Assistant in these, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seeds &c, Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning, Jute, Flour, Oil, and other Mills. Have served for 20 Twenty years, as Agent to European Firms, Visited Steam Factories, and Travelled throughout India. Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "OOMRA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

COMFORTABLE HOME, in a healthy part of Belgium offered to young children of parents abroad, Special care, home comforts. Terms Moderate. Address, Mlle NEEL, Maeseyck, Belgium.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY, from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs, FINLAY MUIR & Co. Bombay.

LADY in best part of Cheltenham desires the entire CHARGE of CHILDREN any age. Highest references [illegible] A.R.C., Care of Messrs W. H. SMITH and SON, [illegible]tion, Cheltenham, England.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving. Copper-Plate Planting and Lithographing orders. For rates apply to SUPERINTENDENT Bombay Gazette Steam Press.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

PROFITABLE BARGAINS.—Come one! Come all!! Inspect our fresh consignment consisting of all kinds of Perfumery Oilman's Stores, Teas, all kinds of Patent medicines, Eau-de-Cologne, Perfumed and medicated Soap, Jams, Jellies, etc., etc. Rogers and Gallet Co.'s best assorted 3 bottle cases of Perfumes of the Butter Fly, Dragon Fly, Miss Flirt, Bouquet Chrysanthene at special challenge prices. Do not therefore lose this special opportunity. Maneckjee Patel. 70, Parsee Bazaar Street, Opposite Bengali's Girls' School, Bombay.

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE a CROWN FOLIO TREADLE MACHINE (by Harrold of London) fairly good condition. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette." Bombay.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronse, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business. 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee, Fee Bombay, Rs. 2, and Mofussil Rs. 3 for each servant,—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay Established 1878.

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, with Sanskrit Synonyms, by Sarat Chandra Das, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E. Revised and Edited under the orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sandberg, B. A., and A. William Heyde. Apply "Q." care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Reviews Calcutta Review &c., &c. Apply "O. O." care of "Bombay Gazette."

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL 150° sold and by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs 6-0-3 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 6-1-3 per case, at Bandora.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN 125° Fire Test Oil, Imported by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, sold at their Godowns, Mazagon.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY. Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the Bombay Gazette" Office.

SOMETHING NEW IN BOMBAY.—PORTRAIT PAINTING in oils on Photographic Basis as good as canvas. RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS have secured the services of a Special European Artist who is an expert in this class of painting, and has done plenty of work for the Royalty at Home. Terms nearly half the usual in this style. Please come and inspect a few samples & satisfy yourself.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Nippon Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage; English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including postage.

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE.

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles; also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co. of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

TURKISH TOWELS.

"SUPERIOR" 44" × 23" .... Rs. 8 0 0 per doz.
"HANDSOME" 44" × 23" .... " 7 8 0 " "

TOWELLING.

PLAIN WHITE 23" WIDE .... Rs. 0 6 9 per yd.
RED STRIPED 19" " .... " 0 6 9 " "

ELGIN MILLS, CO., CAWNPORE.

Agents :—Messrs. SAMUEL FITZE & Co.,
4, BANKSHALL STREET, CALCUTTA,
ALSO AT BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL............£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500
RESERVE FUNDS............£110,000

HEAD OFFICE:
46, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KURRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 10,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Capital paid up.................. Gold $3,250,000 ; 00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits............ Gold $3,288,424 ; 51

LONDON OFFICE : Threadneedle House, Bishopgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Manila.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	City of Mexico,	San Francisco.
Hongkong.	Shangai.	Washington, D. C
Kobe.	Yokohama.	Canton.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street. E. C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL.—Fcs. 1,50,000,000, (£6,000,000.)

LONDON BANKERS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay, Tunis, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, where travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise, etc.

L. COMBE,
Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL............ Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .... " 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND... " 9,940,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS .... " 800,000

HEAD OFFICE : YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

London.	Shanghai.	Port Arthur.	Kobe.
Lyons.	Hongkong.	Mukden.	Osaka.
New York.	Tientsin	Tairen.	Tokyo.
San Francisco.	Peking.	Chefoo.	Nagasaki.
Honolulu.	Newchang.	Tieling.	Bombay.

LONDON BANKERS.

The Bank of England : The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld. ; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld. ; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS, FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND............£525,000

HEAD OFFICE :
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Tuticorin.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Zanzibar.
Amritsar,	Madras.	Mandalay,	Mombassa.
Kurrachee.	Rangoon,	Newera Eliya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point,	Aden.	Kandy,	Chittagong.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
Acting Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL............ £800,000
RESERVE FUND............ £875,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS............ £800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET LONDON.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor	Saigon
Madras	Bangkok	Shanghai
Rangoon	Batavia	Tientsin
Colombo	Sourabaya	Hankow
Penang	Manila	Yokohama
Thaiping	Cebu (Philippines)	Kobe
Medan, Deli (Sumatra)		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Acting Agent.
Esplanade Road, Bombay

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ....$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund ....$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund ....$ 8, 00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ......$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers,—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY Ld.,

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
JARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank of Egypt).
Wm. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.,
A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS Esqr. } Managers.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
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AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
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BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial place in Europe, India, Australia, America China and Japan.

J. A. JEFFREY, Acting Agent,
7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 2 per inch); Fourth and onward Two Annas Re. 1 per inch); Twice or Once a week; First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 3 per inch): Fourth and onward Three Annas per line (Re. 1-8 per inch), Minimum Charges Rs. 2.

TRAVELLERS.

LEATHER, CANVAS, and WOODEN TRUNKS; Suit and Dress Cases; Gladstone, etc., Bags; Soiled Linen Bags; Bed-Straps; Collar Boxes; etc., etc. : at MODERATE PRICES. Sound good articles.—J. OAKES and Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE.

REAL GOOD BARGAINS.—To introduce our Goods, Puttee Gaiters, Rs. 7-8. Collar Boxes, from 3-8. Bed-Straps, from As. 12, Harness, from Rs. 32-8 &c &c.—J. OAKES and Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

MARVELS OF CHEAPNESS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Better or Cheaper at the price cannot be procured in Bombay. Please try a pair at Rs. 2 to 5.—J. OAKES & Co, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE

A LARGE VACANT PIECE of valuable hilly ground at Tardeo suitable for building Chawls or Buffalo Sheds lying on the West of and close upon the Oriental Mills and bounded on the East by the property of Mr. Karrimbhoy Allibhoy. It measures 5,550 Square Yards in area and bears Collector's New Survey No. 7074. For Plans and Particular's apply to

JEHANGHIR M. BILLIMORIA, M. S. A.,
Architect, No 1 Dalal Street, Fort.

HAVE you ever TRIED us ? NO.
Well call over at once

A 1 Boots and shoes made to order at very moderate prices.

JOSEPH IVAN & Co., Professional Shoemakers, from the celebrated Andreas Neider of Vienna, 13, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF EARTHENWARE STATUES.

By order and on account of the Insurance Office Concerned Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 1st instant, at 4-30 p.m., sell by Public Auction at their sale Rooms—

3 earthenware female figures of large size most artistically made and beautifully painted, but landed in a broken condition.

The above is now on view.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 1st instant, at 1 p. m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 1 Gymkhana Chambers, Waudby Road, Fort, opposite the Tata Palace, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware, dining table and chairs, drawing-room sofas and chairs, drawing-room cabinets glass door almyrahs, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich oil paintings and oleographs, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps rich carpets, etc. etc. the property of James, Barlow, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 2nd instant at 1 p. m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by public Auction at No. 3 Grant Buildings, Colaba, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood furniture such as dinning table, armchairs, large mirror side boards, dinner waggon meatsafe, marble top table and teapoys, Cabinets and chiffoniers, glass door, book cases, teapoys, easy chairs, one rich French flowered plush lined, drawing room suits, double and single bedsteads, Mirror door, almirahs, dressing and washand tables, Singer's hand sewing machine, rich glass and crockery ware, Best plated ware, Hink's table and hanging lamps, Brussel carpets, pictures, curtains, table ornaments, clock, one ebonized grand upright cottage nearly new piano by Schiedmeyer, one English gun hammer fifteen days clock strikes hour and half hour with glass door etc. etc. the property of C. Burnett Esq.

The property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Properties at Pydhownie Road and old Bengalpura Road.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 599 of 1902.

Cassumally Jafferbhoy ....Plaintiff.
v/s.
Kulsumbai widow and others ....Defendants.

Pursuant to the Decretable order of reference dated 2nd day of March, 1905, made in the above suit and at the instance of Mr. Fazulbhoy Meherally Catsoy the receiver appointed herein by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises in three lots on the days and hours hereinafter mentioned.

Lot No. 1—(Containing) Plots A and B TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 2nd day of November, 1905, at 3-30 p.m.

Lot No 2—TO-MORROW, THURSDAY the 2nd day of November, 1905, at 4-30 p.m.

Lot No 3—On FRIDAY, the 3rd day of November, 1905, at 4 p.m,

Lot No I—Plot A

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground, situate lying and being on the south side of the Paidhonie Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 162 3/9 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No 1304, New No 7060, old Survey No 255 and New Survey No 2261, and standing in the name of Khoja Khakeebhai Pudumsey, and assessed in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No 1040, and Street Nos 187-9, and bounded as follows:- That is to say on or towards the north by the said Paidhonie Road, on or toward the south by the sweepers passage, and beyond that the property of Hirjibhai Allarakhia, on or towards the East by the property of Khoja Khakeebhai Pudumsey being Lot I Plot B and on or towards the west by the sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Ally Mahomed Abba and Mahomed Abba Jooma.

Lot I.—Plot. B.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the south side of the Paidhonie Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 170 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1304. Collector's New No. [illegible]05. Old Survey No. 257 and New Survey No. 2260, and standing in the name of Khoja Khakeebhai Pudumsey and assessed in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 1041, and Street No. 191-93, and bounded as follows :—That is to say : On or towards the north by the said Paidhonie Road, on or towards the south by the sweeper's passage and beyond that, partly by the property of Hirjibhai Allarakhia, and partly by the sweeper's passage and partly by the property of Khoja [illegible] on or towards the east by the property of Khakeebhai Pudumsey (being Lot No. II), and on or towards the west by the property also belonging to Khoja Khakeebhai Pudumsey (being Lot No. I, Plot A).

Lot II.

All that piece or Parcel of land or ground, together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the south side of the Paidhonie Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 297 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1312 Collector's New No. 7071. Old Survey No. 258, and New Survey No. 2959, and standing in the name of Khakeebhai Pudumsey and assessed in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 1042 and Street Nos. 195-201, and bounded as follows :—That is to say : On or towards the north by the said Paidhonie Road, on or towards the south by the sweeper's passage and partly by the property of Khoja Lalji Soomar and partly by the property of Pathan Abdulla Khan bin Abdul Rahiman, on or towards the east by the common sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Suleman Domiljee Fizarka, and on or towards the west by the property of Khoja Khakeebhai Pudumsey (being the Lot No. I Plot B).

Lot III.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage or tenements standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the west side of the Old Bengalpura Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement [illegible] square yards or thereabouts and assessed in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1135 New Collector's No. 686. Old Survey No. 796, and New Survey No. 2319, and standing in the name of Khakeebhai Pudumsey and assessed in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 1530 and Street N.s. 16-18, and bounded as follows :—That is to say. On or towards the north by the property of Mir Mahomed Hoosein bin Syed Badrudin Junerkar, on or towards the south by the property of Fazulbhoy Peeroo Mahomed and Dawoodbhai Fazulbhoy, on or towards the east by the said Bengalpoora Road and on or towards the west by the public sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Jatubhai Jamietram and Madan Solicitors or to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 4th instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT, and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram in very good order.
1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 handsome strong victoria in good order.
1 Cape cart by best maker in South Africa, in first class order. Very suitable for district officer.
1 bay Arab quiet in harness.
1 grey pony quiet in harness and saddle.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 1st November, 1905.

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COMBRIDGE'S LIST OF NEW BOOKS.

MODERN INDIA.

Rs. a.

By William Elleroy Curtis. Author of "To-Day in Syria and Palestine". With Map and 32 Full-Page Illustrations 6 9

EGYPT, BURMA AND BRITISH MALAYSIA. By William Eleroy Curtis. With 36 Full-Page Illustrations 6 9

KOKORO. Hints and Echoes of Japanese Inner Life. By Lafcadio Hearn 3 1

IN MY INDIAN GARDEN. By Phil. Robinson 1 8

THE NATIONAL GALLERY OF BRITISH ART. (The Tate Gallery). With an Introduction. By Sir Charles Holroyd, keeper of the Gallery. 24 Rembrandt Photogravure Plates and numerous other Illustrations 9 1

Paper Rs. 1-12. LATEST FICTION. Cloth Rs. 2-4.

AYESHA. THE RETURN OF SHE. By H Rider Haggard.
A SERVANT OF THE PUBLIC. By Anthony Hope.
DILYS. By F. E. Penny.
HE LOVED BUT ONE. A ROMANCE OF LORD BYRON. By F. Frankfort Moore.
THE SWORD OF GEDEON. By J. Bloundelle Burton.
BACK TO SUNNY SEAS. By F. T. Bullen.
MISS LOMAX: MILLIONAIRE. By Bessil Parker.
THE CASE OF MISS ELLIOT. By Baroness Orczy.
THE BREATH OF THE GODS. By Sidney McCall.
THE RECKONING. By Robert W. Chambers.

A. J. COMBRIDGE & CO.,
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

ST. LUKE'S MIRACULOUS EMBROCATION
The great Remedy for pain.
ACTS LIKE A CHARM Re 1.

SOLD BY
BEYNON & Co.,
CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations.
Rooms airy and commodious
with Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

FEVER DROPS. As. 4
(PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA.)
The BEST and CHEAPEST Remedy for all FEVERS.

BLOOD PURIFYING SOLUTION, Re. 1
(PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA)
For poor or IMPURE BLOOD.
Strongly recommended for
SYPHILITIC TROUBLES,

SHARMA'S INKS.
Equal to the best Imported INKS, but CHEAPER.
For Prices Samples Apply to
The SUPERINTENDENT,
E C LABORATORY, Girgaum, BOMBAY.

JUST UNPACKED
FRESH STOCK OF
"A 1" and "ELEPHANT" BRAND
CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES
AND
COUPE'S STEEL WHEELS,
ALSO
Inner Tubes and Outer Covers
FOR
Motor-car Tyres of all Sizes
etc., etc., etc., etc.,
Our Goods challenge competition and are
GUARANTEED TO BE WITHOUT BLEMISH
For prices etc., apply to
GOVINDJI MADHOWJI & Co.,
6, Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
AGENTS at POONA:
FRENCHMAN & Co.,
64, CIVIL LINES.

HIGH CLASS TAILORING
AT MODERATE PRICES.
GUARANTEED BEST MATERIAL.
NICELY MADE AND WELL FINISHED.

Washing	Suit	... from Rs.	10
Flannel	do.	... ,, ,,	18
Navy Serge	do.	... ,, ,,	25
Tweed	do.	... ,, ,,	25

Urgent orders promptly executed.
Fit guaranteed.
Gentlemen passing through Bombay can procure all they require at our Establishment.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
PLEASE REGISTER YOUR ORDERS SOON.

E. E. GOREY & CO.,
NAVAL OUTFITTERS AND CIGARS MERCHANTS,
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Beme, 1899 tons, Captain W J de N Guy, will sail to-day for Rangoon in ballast.

THE steamer Burrsfield, Captain J H Mackenzie, arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Calcutta 18th October, with a cargo of coal.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Imperatrix, 2352 tons, Captain G Ghezzo, will sail to-day for Trieste, &c, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE City Line steamer City of Vienna, 2979 tons, Captain D Morrison, will sail to-day for Karachi, with the same bottom cargo and General Burnett as a passenger.

THE Hanza Line steamer Reichenfels, 2931 tons, Captain G Kenneweg, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg 21th September, via Antwerp with a general cargo and 593 packages explosives.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
30	Burrsfield s	Mackenzie ..	Calcutta, Oct 18
31	H M S Perseus.........	Hill	Colombo, Oct 17
	Reichenfels s	Kenneweg	Hamburg, Sept 24

DEPARTURE.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
31	Simla s	Goldsmith ..	Shanghai, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yester day:—

Steamer Imperatrix, Ghezzo, for Trieste, &c
,, Beme Guy for Rangoon
,, City of Vienna, Morrison, for Karachi

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday —

Steamer Secunder, for Mauritius
,, Australien, for Marseilles, &c
,, Waronga, for Persian Gulf

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Oct	Vessel,	Names.	From
28	Byculla	J F Crookston	Moulmein
	Megna	J Mandl	Chittagong
	Kohinur	H J Crebbin	Rangoon
	Craftsman	G Goldman	Liverpool

DEPARTURES.

Oct	Vessel,	Names.	From
29	Taunton	J Soeberg	Colombo
	Katoria	E G M Dickinson	Chittagong
	Incharran	W Halliwell	Dundee
	Springwell	J G Savill	Boulogne
	Arratoon Apcar	E Fey	Hongkong
	Khodoung	W B Morrison	Rangoon
	Florida	W E Matthews	Aden
	Bangala	J R P Alexander	Rangoon
30	Marcellus	G Grevenitz	Hongkong
	Wallace	W Smith	Bombay
	Werdenfels	H Sandstedt	H'burg & B'men
	Clan Graham	W H Coates	Bombay

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's s s Manora arrived at Plymouth on the afternoon of the 29th inst

The B I S N Co's s s Rewa left Portsaid on the afternoon of the 29th inst

The P and O s s India arrived at Suez from Colombo on the afternoon of the 29th inst

The Anchor Line s s Britannia arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the afternoon of the 29th inst

The Clan Line Clan Grant arrived in London on the morning of the 29th inst

The City Line City of Karachi arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the afternoon of the 2.th inst

LONDON, October 30.

The P and O steamer Delta, left here on Saturday for Bombay.

The Florio and Rubattino Co's steamer R Rubattino, left Aden for Bombay on the 30th October at night and expected to arrive in Bombay on the early morning of the 5th November.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Persia, from Japan, left Colombo for Bombay on the evening of the 30th instant and may be expected to arrive in Bombay on the 3rd November early in the morning.

The Anchor Line steamer Arabia, homeward bound, arrived at Marseilles on Sunday the 29th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCT. 31,

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—13 casks Indian condiments and 13 cases curry powder Merwanji Poonjiaji and Sons; 180 cwts corianderseed J Luckmidas; 2000 cwts mowraseed G G Tezpal and Co; 40 bales wool T Chimands

Persia s—500 cwts dillseed Baner and Krause; 1040 cwts myrabollams Arjoon Khimjie; 434 cwts oilcake The New Mofussil Co: 95 bales wool and 140 bales goat hair W and A Graham and Co

FOR LONDON

Moldavia s—4000 cwts oil cake Mr J Joomabhoy and Co

Bengloe s—12 cwts horns A Hoosein

FOR ANTWERP.

Wharfedale s—27 bales hemp J N Kapadia and Co; 2701 cwts angelly seed Killick Nixon and Co; 2000 cwts castorseeds David Sassoon and Co; 499 cwts myrabollams A H Abdul Carim and Co

Askell s—500 cwts myrabollams A H Abdul Carim and Co: 300 cwts gum P Jethabhoy

Nidderdale s—224 bales cotton 592 cwts poppyseed Ralli Brothers, 220 bales cotton E Spinner and Co; 399 cwts gum P Jethabhoy

FOR MARSEILLES

Circassia s—100 cwts gum M J Joomabhoy and Co; 4420 cwts castorseed Ralli Brothers; 1485 cwts gingellyseed John Fachiri

Persia s—2652 cwts castorseed Ralli Brothers; 100 cwts gum P Jethabhoy

FOR SEVILLE.

Circassia s—520 cwts wheat Ralli Bros

Persia s—220 bales cotton Finlay Muir and Co

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Imperatrix s—15 bales twist Killick Nixon and Co

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS, BY MAJOR T. W. CUFFE, A. D. C. COMMANDING.

Bombay, November 1 1905.

There will be a parade at the Riding School to-morrow, Thursday the 2nd instant at 7 a.m.

By Order,
T. W. CUFFE, Major
Commanding B. L. H

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, November 1 1905.

1 Arms and Equipment are now being issued to Members at Head-Quarters on every week day between the hours of 6-30 a m and 7 p m. Members are requested to apply as early as possible.

2 Members are requested to return their Khaki Coats to Head-Quarters as soon as possible for alteration to new pattern.

3 There will be Company drill for "A." "C" and "E" Companies at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 8-15 p.m. to-day, Wednesday the 1st instant.
Dress-Plain Clothes, Rides and Side Arms.

4 There will be Company Drill for "D" Company at the back of the Telegraph Quarters, at 5 p m to-day, Wednesday, the 1st instant.
Dress—Plain Clothes, Rifles and Side Arms.

5 There will be Instruction Drills for Officers only at Head-Quarters at 6 p.m. on Thursday the 2nd instant.

6 There will be Drill for Recruits on Friday the 3rd instant at Head-Quarters at 6 p.m.

By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, November 1 1905.

DRILLS.

No 1 Coy—10" R M L Gun drill at the Town Hall compound to-morrow Thursday at 8 45 p.m.

No. 2 Company—10" R M S Gun drill at Nesbit Road Head Quarters to-morrow Thursday at 8-15 p.m.

DRILL—ROYAL SALUTE.

There will be 9 pr R M L Gun Drill at the R G A Guard Room, Upper Colaba on Saturday the 4th instant at 4-30 p.m. Parade at the Club at 4-15 p.m. Dress—Khakies Putties and Caps.

It is requested that all those who intend turning out for firing the Salutes for H R H The Prince of Wales will attend this Drill.

By Order
A STIFFE, Capt. R. A.
Adjt. B. V. A.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury Calcutta, 2nd Oct. 1905.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills:—

1	Amount to be remitted during 1905-06	£16,500,000
2	Remitted from 1st April 1905 to 30th Sept. 1905 by Council Bills	£10,172,226
	By Gold...	Nil
	Balance to be remitted from 1st Oct. 1905 to 31st March 1906	£ 6,327,774

The Bath for Tender Feet.

Eminent Physicians strongly recommend the addition of a little Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath or Foot Bath. (See Medical Reports in Book on bottle).

Tired, Tender or Aching Feet are instantly relieved and all trace of Odour immediately disappears.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, Oct. 30.

SECURITIES—		
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	88 1-2	= + 3-3
3 do. Rentes	99 1-2	= unchanged
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan.........	103 1-2	= do
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	65 13 16	= do
SILVER—		
Spot in London	28 7-8	= do
2 months hence	28 3 8	= do
Spot in New York.........	6 15-8	= do
EXCHANGES—		
Paris cheques	25'14 1-2	= unchanged
Berlin	20'45 1-2	= − 1 2
New York Demand	4 81 7-8	= − 1 4
DISCOUNTS—		
Bank of England.........	4 per cent	= unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills ...	4 per cent	= do
6 " "	3 7-8 per cent	= do
3 " " Fine Trade Bills	4 3-8 per cent	= do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 1-2 per cent	= do
INTEREST—		
Day to day loans.........	3 5-8 per cent	= + 3 1
7 day market loans.........	3 5-8 per cent	= − 1-8

Extra Council Bills allotments. Bills on Madras, Rs. 10,000 at 1s 4 3-32d.

SUGAR—
German granulated 1st marks 10 Oct. sellers dull

WHEAT—
Afloat for U K 1,420,000

RAPESEED—
Brown 40 + 1 2 O-N sellers firm

LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 41 1-4 + 3-1 O-N sellers firmer

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York, 8 5-16 -1-16

ARRIVALS—
Steamers—Britannia, Heathford and Istrar

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed easier. East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 12,000. Spot 5'70 — 3. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 8. Sold on speculation and for export 1,000. Imports 16,000. Futures closed steady.

Oct-Nov.	Nov-Dec	Dec.-Jan.
5'58 −5	5'58 −6	5'63 −5
Jan.-Feb. 5 65 −5	Feb.-Mar. 5'68 −5	Mar.-Apl. 5'70 −5
Apl.-May 5'71 −5	May-June 5'73 −5	June-July 5'74 −5

Receipts at U S Ports.........	57,000
Do last year	95,000
Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Do. do Continent	1,000

IN NEW YORK—

Spot.........	1'.75 + 10
Futures, month of Dec	1'.51 + 16
Do. do. March.........	1'.64 + 18

a Advance owing to Official weather reports considered unfavorable, and to bullish crop estimates.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	10 11-16
Futures, month of Jan	10'69 + 19
Do. do. April	11'02 + 17
Tone at close	steady

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 48 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Monday, 30th Oct. 1905:—

Cotton.........	3,121 bales.
Wheat	27,615 cwts.
Linseed	2,223 do
Rape, Rai and Mustard.........	1,478 do
Gingellyseed	8,643 do
Poppyseed	51 do
Groundnuts.........	24 do
Castorseed	2,681 do
Rice	12,165 do
Myrabollams	1,093 do
Cottonseed	5,887 do
Mowraseed	1,508 do
Gram.........	3,413 do
Joowar	17,490 do
Maize	77 do

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

EXCHANGE.—Tone easier.

Bank T. T. ... ... 1s. 4 1-16 at 1-32d.
Bank Demand ... ... 1s 4 1-16d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D.A. 1s. 4 5-16 at 9-32d.
Do. 6 do. do. ... 1s. 4 7-16 d.
French Francs 3 do. do. ... 170 3-4
Marcks 3 do. do. ... 139 1-4
Hongkong 30 Days Sight ... 143 1-2
Shanghai 30 do. ... 200
Japan 30 do. ... 149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone steady.
Cash ... 98'5
1st Settlement 1st November... 98'5
2nd do. 1st December. 98'5

Money Market. Tone steady.

BANK RATE—
Bank of England since 28th Sept. 4 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 17th Aug. 4 do.
Bank of Bengal do. 29th Sept. 5 do.
Bank of Madras do. 10th July 4 do.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—Tone firm.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	7	2	0
Forward Dec	7	7	6
RAPESEED.—Tone firm			
Brown Cawnpore Ready sellers	6	15	0
Do Forward May... ...	6	10	0
Yellow Guzerat Ready ...	7	6	0
POPPYSEED—Tone firm.			
Ready	7	12	0
Forward Dec.	8	0	0
CASTORSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	27	8	0
GINGELLYSEED—Tone firm.			
Howree Khandelsh buyers ...	39	8	0
15 per cent Mixed buyers... ...	39	0	0
25 ,, ,, ...	38	0	0
50 ,, ,, ...	37	0	0
WHEAT—Tone firm.			
White Delhi ready	5	1	0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone—firm.
Estimated sales......... 10,000 bales
Imports .... 23,000 ,,

Oct.-Nov.	Nov-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5'67 +9	5'67 +9	5'72 +9
Jan.-Feb 5'75 +9	Feb.-Mar. 5'77 +9	Mar.-April 5'79 +9
April-May 5'80 +9	May-June. 5'82 +9	June July 5'83 +9

COTTON.—There is no change to record in our local market, which remains quiet, but steady, at about last evening's closing rates. The turnover at Colaba is limited to a small spot business.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed	easier
Surats	quiet
Good Bhownuggar	
The Manchester Market has been	steady
2 1/2 per cent Consols.........	88 1-2
3 per cent Rentes.........	99 1-2
3 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan.........	103 1-2
3 1/2 per cent Rupee Papers	65 13-16
Bar Silver	28 7-8

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic earnings for week ending 30th September 1905.

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Approximate earnings for week ending 29th July 1905—G I P Ry system.	37,500	3,53,761	11,254	6,02,515
I M R do ...	[illegible]700	94,699	4,580	1,56,979
Total	[illegible]5,500	4,48,460	15,834	7,59,494
Actuals for corresponding week ending 29th July 1904—G I P R system...	2,12,709	4,78,696	7,693	6,99,09[illegible]
I M R do ..	51,619	1,29,047	798	1,81,464
Total......	2,64,328	6,07,743	8,491	8,80,562
Increase or Decrease... G I P R	+ 24 791	− 1,24,935	+ 3,561	− 96,583
I M R...	+ 6,081	− 34,348	− 3,782	− 24,484

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Aproximate return of traffic for week ended 7th Oct. 1905, on 504'35 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,25,000	1,40,000	4,000	2,69,000
Or per mile of Railway	248	277	8	533
For previous 3 week of half-year	14,91,075	20,59,988	40,822	35,91,885
Total for 4 weeks.	16,16,075	21,99,988	44,822	38,60,885
Comparison, Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,13,730	1,96,506	824	3,11,060
Per mile of Ry. do.	225	390	2	617
Total to corresponding date do. ...	15,38,126	21,08,519	54,993	37,01,638

Decrease for the week.........Rs. 42,060
Increase to date......... ,, 1,59,247

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notice (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

HARRIS—THOMAS—October 25, at St John's Church, Calcutta, by the Rev A F Bowman, M A, George Elliot Harris, Margherita, Assam, to Annie Mia, youngest daughter of the late Rev T Thomas, Rector, Dinas Mawdduy, Merioneth.

SERRAVALLO'S TONIC
HAS BEEN AWARDED
20 GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS.
Highly recommended by Medical Authorities all over the world.
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CHLOROSIS,
DEBILITY,
NEURASTHENIA.
DELIGHTFUL TASTE.
Price Rs. 2 per bottle.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
KEMP & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 1 m. Sun sets, 5h. 27m. High water, 1-57m., 1-57a. Low water, 7-51m., 7-48a.
Insolvent Debtors' Court, vacation sitting, 11 a.m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-30 p. m.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN THE DOCKS.—Hari Tookaram, a labourer aged 25, was, on Monday afternoon working in the stoke-hole of the s.s. "Shah Ameer," now lying in the Prince's Dock, when he lost his balance and fell into the engine room from a height of about thirteen feet, sustaining serious injuries to his head. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he died yesterday morning.

BHOWNAGOR NOTES.—The Nawab Saheb of Juagad will leave with his followers by the Special train on the 3rd instant at 8 a.m. arriving at Bombay on the 4th at 9 a.m. The Special will halt at Nadiad for one hour and a half when the Nawab will perform opening ceremonies of Rasool Bhawan, a building built at the expense of the Nawab Saheb for his Dewan.—General Collins and Captain Davies who had come to Jetalser to inspect the Kathiawar Volunteer Corps F, Company, left for Karachi via Marwar.

THEFT IN H. M's MINT.—Before Mr. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Marooti Ramji, a Hindu, was charged, at the instance of Mr. J. Brown, Warder in H. M's Mint, with the theft of a rupee. The accused was employed in the uncurrent coin department of the Mint. On Monday afternoon he was seen cutting a bag containing coins and removing a rupee from it. He placed it in his waist cloth. A report having been made to the Bullion-keeper, the accused was searched and the rupee found on him. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY HUNT.—The s.s. Clan Alpine brought twenty-five couple of hounds to Bombay last Sunday morning, under the charge of Charles Payne, who has been with the hounds, since their purchase at Wilton's kennels at Hanwell and landed them in excellent condition. The thanks of the Hunt are due to the officers of the Clan Alpine for ready assistance on the voyage and facilitating the rapid discharge from the steamer. The hounds were taken out to Santa Cruz in two big vans kindly lent, as in former years, by Mr. N. M. Wadia, and reached the kennels about 4 p.m., looking none the worse for their 31 days on boardship, and if appearances so far go for anything, are likely to render as good an account of themselves over the Salsette country as any of their predecessors.

A DARING PICK-POCKET.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. C. H. Setalvad, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Superintendent Nolan charged Ahmed Jacob, a Mahomedan, with the theft of a purse containing Rs. 49 in cash belonging to one Gooloosing Gangaram, a Hindu. The evidence showed that on Sunday night, complainant was standing on the pavement at Kamatipura when he felt a jerk at his coat pocket and soon discovered that he had been relieved of his purse which contained Rs. 49 in sovereigns and rupees. Accused was at the time standing near complainant in a suspicious attitude and was arrested on suspicion. On being searched, the purse was discovered concealed on his person. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 75, or, in default, to undergo six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

SAILANA NOTES.—Our correspondent writes:—His Highness the Raja Sahib is to leave this for Indore on the first November accompanied by Sirdars, State Officers and followers to be present on the occasion of laying the foundation stone of the new Daly College by His Excellency Lord Curzon.—His Highness has been appointed a member of the Daly College Committee.—Swamiji Guanandji of the Benares Maha Mandal will go to Ajmer from here en route to Benares. The weather has been very fine and clear.—There is no indication of the rain falling, temperature in the morning remains at 83 and that in the evening varies from 86 to 89 degrees Fahr. Sickness in the town is very much less this year. Plague is lingering at Rutlam, a case or two occurring occasionally. It is fortunate that the fell disease is not spreading about in a vigorous manner. It remains to be seen how the pest will spread in the coming winter. At any rate its virulence is on the decline.

CHEATING A GRAIN DEALER.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Tribhoovan Moolji, a Hindu, was arraigned before Mr. Kursondas Chabildas, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of cheating. From the evidence it would appear that on Monday morning accused went to the grain shop of one Oomersey Desar in Khetwadi and purchased a quantity of rice and told the shop-keeper to carry the bag to his room in a chawl in Grant Road where he would be paid for it. Complainant did so, when accused told complainant, after depositing the grain in the room, to come with him to Bhendy Bazaar where he would be paid. Complainant followed him to Bhendy Bazaar when accused turned about to complainant and said: "Who are you? I don't know you. Go away," and then walked away himself. The matter was reported to the Police with the result that accused was arrested yesterday. His Worship sentenced the accused to one day's imprisonment, and, in addition, ordered him to pay a fine of Rs 50, or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

A DARING THIEF.—Bundoo Dowlata, a labourer was convicted by Mr. Dracup at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday of voluntarily causing hurt to one Pursoo Mura while robbing him of a gold ear ornament, of the value of Rs. 30; and also of theft of a neck ornament, valued at Rs. 10, belonging to one Munibai, a married woman. From the evidence of the complainant Pursoo, it appeared that he was proceeding along Shaik Memon Street on the night of the 28th ultimo viewing the Dewalee illuminations, when the accused seized his gold earring and pulled it out of his ear, tearing the lobe of the ear in doing so. He then effected his escape, but was arrested later on the same night in connection with another offence of theft. On searching him the police found Pursoo's ear-ring in his possession, and it was identified by Pursoo who had meanwhile to be taken to the Goculdas Hospital to have his ear dressed. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to fifteen months' rigorous imprisonment. In the second case against the accused, it appeared that the complainant Munibai was going along Shaik Memon Street on the night of the 28th ultimo, viewing the Dewalee illuminations with her husband and a girl named Jijee, when the accused pulled at a necklace which she was wearing. The necklace broke and fell on the ground. The complainant immediately caught the accused, who, in trying to free himself, fell down and was secured. On his being searched, the ear-ring of the other complainant was found in his possession. Accused was convicted of this second charge and was sentenced to three months' hard labour, the sentences in the two cases being consecutive, that is eighteen months in jail.

DIWALI GATHERINGS.

THE Pathare Prabhu Knowledge Improving Society celebrated its annual social Diwali gathering on Saturday last, under the Presidency of Mr. Chintaman Sokar Bapuji Trilokekar, in the hall of the late Mr. Cassinath Vithoba, when speeches on social, moral and religious subjects were made by Messrs. Gajanan Bhaskar Vaidya, Vishnu Krishnanath Dhurandhar, and others. The president briefly but impressively dwelt on the necessity of religious instruction as the chief means of improving the moral character of young men.—The Pathare Prabhu Social Samaj held its Diwali gathering in the Prabhu Seminary Hall on Saturday evening last, under the presidency of Mr. Narayan Gajanan Jayakar, Messrs. Gajanan Bhaskar Vaidya, N. T. Kothare, and others delivered short speeches suitable to the occasion followed by the presidential address, which contained sound advice to the young men of the Pathare Prabhu community, to learn and live in a manner which would enable them to maintain the loyal and aristocratic traditions of their caste.—The Pathare New Wady Debating Society celebrated the 12th anniversary of its foundation on Sunday last, under the Presidency of Mr. Rangnath Sadashiv Jayakar, a retired Deputy Collector and a Honorary Magistrate. Messrs. Vinayak Bapuji S. Kothare, Gajanan Bhaskar Vaidya, Vishnu Krishnanath Dhurandhar and others delivered speeches complimenting the promoters of the institution on the good work they had done during the course of the last 12 years, and urged the members of the Society to strive to work and live in social, religious and other spheres as became the members of their aristocratic community. The president in an instructive address dwelt on the necessity of commercial and technical education, and asked his young audience to turn their attention after the completion of their college career, to such indigenous industries as soap and match manufactures, of which he was one of the pioneers 25 years back in Bombay in conjunction with the late Dr. Anna Moreshwar Kunte.

THE BACKWARD CLASSES.

A SOCIAL gathering of the Marathi speaking backward classes of Bombay was held by the Maratha Aikya Itchu Sabba on account of Diwali Holidays on Saturday last at Kitte Bhandari Hall. There was a very large gathering including leaders of the Maratha, Bhandari, Vani, Mali, Agri, Telagu, Koli, Shimpi, Barber castes and head clerks and head jobbers of about fifty textile mills in Bombay and mukadams of Dock labourers &c. Mr. N. G. Powar, Secretary of the Sabba, read the invitation chit and said that such gatherings were arranged in England and other civilized countries. Rao Bahadur V.K. Vandekar, R B Jadhav of Kholapur, Messrs. Korgawkar, Heluskar, Bole, Bhogalay, Lalaye, Bartake, Mayakar (a mill-hand) and others addressed the gathering amidst occasional cheers. They explained the objects of such gatherings and the friendly feelings and free intercourse they promote amongst leaders of the masses. Mr Korgawkar in the course of his remarks said that the Sabba has been started for the good of the backward classes, and the members have been endeavouring in their own humble way to ameliorate their condition. They have established an Education Committee, which support and help deserving students of backward classes, who are too poor to pay for their schooling. He also mentioned several other useful works done by the Sabba, most important of which was the memorials made to Government with reference to the Khoti Bill and another one in connection with mill labour in Bombay praying Government to restrict the hours of labour of mill operatives to 12 per day. The Sabba has also been arranging to adopt a memorial to Government to make primary education free amongst backward classes. After partaking of light refreshments the gathering broke up.

PRESENTATION TO A CRICKETER.

A MEETING of the Jolly C. C. was held on the Hindu New Year's Day, under the presidentship of Mr. A. G. Merchant in the hall of Mr. G. M. Sethna, to present a 'Ring' to Mr. G. R Banda for his brilliant and faultless performance of 127 (not out) against the Poona Gymkhana.

Speeches were made about the ability and fame of Mr. Bunda as a cricketer, by Mr. T.M. Shroff, Mr. A. G. Merchant, Mr. M.K Desai and Mr B.B. Desai. Mr Bunda while accepting the present thanked the members and said that "Cricket is the game of games," and a man might become a good cricketer by constant practice.

Having passed a vote of thanks for the President, Mr. Sethna and Mr. Bunda, the meeting dispersed late at night after being treated to tea and flowers.

THE WEATHER.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

SIMLA, October 31.

Nearly general rain has fallen on the South Burma Coast, and some showers in the interior. The amounts recorded above a quarter of an inch are; Yamethin 2 inches and Tavoy 1-2 an inch. The disturbance in Kashmir has disappeared. It has not given any rain or now at any of our stations. The skies are still clear in the whole of India except locally in the North-West and extreme South, and generally in Burma, Eastern Bengal and Assam. Local rain is likely in Burma and dry weather elsewhere.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 31ST OCT.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes have been small and unimportant.

Winds are very variable in direction and the force has been generally light.

Temperature.—The day temperature is generally above normal, the excess ranging from 5° to 10° in several places. The highest temperature in the shade was 93° at Deesa and the lowest 53° at Jubbulpore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is almost clear in all districts except in Sind, where it is partially clouded.

Rain.—Nil.

Weather is generally fine in all districts.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

THERE is a story of the late Lord Inverclyde which illustrates his practical determination and resource. During the sailors' and dockers' strike of 15 years ago the regular steamship services were disorganised, and work at the docks was completely at a standstill. The cross-channel service of Messrs. Burns between Scotland and Ireland was suffering in common with the rest. Recognising the great importance of the service going on and the loss entailed by its stoppage, George Arbuthnot Burns, as he then was, turned out the office staff to a man, alongwith his brother marshalled them at the docks, and, setting the example by cheerfully taking the lead, soon had the squad of irregulars at hard work lumping as heartily as any gang of dock labourers.

FLORILINE—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

INOCULATION DEMONSTRATION AT PAREL.

H. E. LORD LAMINGTON'S VIEWS.

EVER Since plague has assumed an endemic form in this country, the subject of inoculation has been one that has aroused the greatest interest among those who are friends of the people and among people of education generally. Inoculation has been, and is yet, viewed with distrust and suspicion by the large majority of the masses. The wildest rumours,—including a riot or two—have been directly or indirectly caused by movements for the spread of inoculation.

Among others, Yersin's curative serum,—of which the wildest hopes of deliverance from the direful scourge of plague were entertained—did not fulfil anything like what was expected of it. This serum, which had proved of marvellous efficacy in Hongkong, when the bubonic plague there was at its worst, was perhaps not given as fair a trial as it merited.

Roux's and Lustig's plague Sera have been tried, but neither of them, have achieved anything worth recording.

Professor Haffkine's prophylactic Serum—which it must be remembered does not claim to confer "absolute immunity from an attack of plague, but claims to reduce to the lowest possible minimum the chances of getting plague, and in cases where plague does occur, claims to moderate the virulence of the attack so as to materially affect the chances of recovery—has been subjected to the severest tests, the most searching enquiries and the most thorough investigation, and after being weighed in the balance, by even those—prejudicially inclined towards it has not been found wanting.

Towards the end of the year 1898, the Indian Plague Commission, which included amongst its members, Professor Thomas Fraser as President, Dr Wright, Professor of Bacteriology at Netley and Dr. Ruffer of the Egyptian Government, came out to India to investigate into plague and to suggest the methods that should be adopted for its suppression, prevention and cure. This Commission took evidence in the most important cities of India of people entitled to pass opinions on plague and matters appertaining thereto. Inoculation formed the subject of the most exhaustive enquiry. During its sittings the Plague Commission found that the medical profession generally declared in favour of Haffkine's prophylactic serum as a preventive. To this there was one notable exception; and that was Colonel Lawrie of Hyderabad, who characterised Haffkine's Serum as a putrid fluid. This caused something of a scare at the time and those adverse to inoculation grabbed with avidity at an expression of opinion of this sort, coming as it did from such a high authority as Dr. Lawrie. On subsequent enquiry it was found however that Dr Lawrie's opinion had no legs to stand on, and was the outcome of either misdirected or not properly conducted experiments made with certain brews of the serum which had reached Hyderabad. No deaths or ill effects after inoculation could be ascribed to the serum referred to.

Colonel Bannerman, the Director of the Plague Research Laboratory gave a very interesting demonstration at the Parel Laboratory at 4-30 p. m. yesterday of methods employed in the manufacture of Anti-Plague Vaccine, H. E. the Governor being present.

Lord Lamington, accompanied by his Private Secretary was received at the porch of the old Parel Government House by Colonel Bannerman and introduced to the gentlemen employed in making researches at Parel. H. E. shook hands with some of the other gentlemen present.

Colonel Bannerman then stated in a few brief words the programme that would then be gone into, which consisted of a tour of inspection through the Laboratory.

The first room was the bottle sterilising room wherein the bottles containing the serum to be sent out, are sterilised in hot air at a heat degree of 333° Fahrenheit. In the next room the broth and other media used in the manufacture of serum, was being prepared.

The third room inspected was the boiler house where flasks of broth were heated to 248° F to sterilise their contents.

Upstairs was the sowing room where plague germs are transferred from seed-flasks to large stock-flasks, this may be called the room were germs are carefully cultivated and tended. The greatest possible precaution is used in things done in this room.

Many of the gentlemen invited did not seem particularly desirous of investigating the contents of this "sowing room",—perhaps its appearance cooled their ardour for scientific knowledge, or perhaps it was cooler outside.

What was formerly the old Government House Ball-Room is now converted into a store-room for vaccine.

The Sterilising Chamber was next gone through. Here the plague germs are killed by the flasks containing them being immersed in hot water tubs. The unfortunate Mulkowal disaster has taught a salutary lesson in the preparation of serum that is the addition of 5 per cent carbolic acid to the cooled vaccine, which prevents the growth of any contaminating germs and renders a repitition of Mulkowal absolutely impossible.

In the long verandah room was exhibited, the process for vacuumising bottles, the bottling and decanting apparatus, the final testing arrangements to find out if the serum is perfect, the methods of closing the bottles and the process of sterilising the syringes and needles used in the preparation of the serum.

On returning to the porch after the tour of inspection Colonel Bannerman detailed briefly what was seen in the various rooms.

H. E. Lord Lamington delivered a very spirited address in favour of inoculation. He said he had not the slightest doubt of the efficacy of anti-plague inoculation and that if any doubt did exist in the minds of any of those present, such doubts should be effectually dispelled after having seen all that Colonel Bannerman and his assistants shewed them at the Laboratory. His Excellency, thanked the Director of the Plague Laboratory on the part of Government for the extreme care that is now being exercised in the preparation of serum at Parel. H. E. referred to the responsibilities that devolved on the Staff employed at Parel and referring to the Mulkowal mishap said it was the only unfortunate occurrence of its kind, which he felt sure, would never occur again. Lord Lamington had visited several Hospitals in India and specially referred to the Crater Plague Hospital at Aden where 163 died out of 203 uninoculated persons and only 7 out of 21 inoculated persons died. The main point in the above figures was not the lower death-rate among the inoculated persons, but the fact that so few of them were seen at the hospital at all. As to ill effects after inoculation H. E stated that Major Jackson, the officer in charge of Prisons, noted no ill effects in over 3,000 cases that had come under his observation. The Dharwar Committee in their report also stated that it was impossible to trace any ill effects from inoculation. H. E. was of opinion that from statistics and data available the odds were six times in favour of inoculated people as compared with the uninoculated and that if the inoculated did get plague their chances of recovery were far greater than those not inoculated. Among the uneducated people, it was difficult to make them understand how the injection of a little fluid into the body would produce any degree of immunity from a disease such as plague, and H E called upon those having influence with the people, on mill-owners, employers of labour and the Press especially, to second his endeavour to advance the spread of inoculation and thus benefit the country generally.

His Excellency's remarks were received with applause.

Among others present were:—Sir Bhalchandra Krishna The Hon. Mr. Dunn, The Hon. Mr. Vithaldas Thackersey, The Hon. Mr. D. Chichgar Mr. W. D. Sheppard, Dr. J. A. Turner, Messrs James MacDonald, Vasanji Khimji J. P. Narrotumdas, Morarji, Mr. J. Zuburbuler, Rao Bahadur G. N. Nadkarni, Rao Bahadur Vandekar, Rao Saheb Kakhva, Rao Saheb Misir, Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar, Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Major Jennings, Major Meyer, Drs. Gibson, Winter D. A. Turkhad, George J. D Souza, R. N. Ranina, A. G. Viegas, Sorab Nariman, K. R. Vicajy, Rao Bahadur K. N. Sailor, J P., Rao Bahadur Cursumsey Damjee, Rao Bahadur B. N. Vaid, and Mr Damodar Sowkaria J. P., Mr. Kurrimbhoy Mahomedally and Mr. Sassoon J. David.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS, OCTOBER 31.

Capt A J Williams, A V D, for embarkation from Nasirabad
Capt L H Close, R E, on leave from Mhow.
Capt C Slack, 33rd Cavalry, on duty from Poona.
Capt H M Mac Tier, 39th Garhwal Rifles on leave from Lansdowne
Capt J Hartigan, R A M C, proceeding home from Peshawar.

DEPARTURES, OCTOBER 31.

Capt A C Edwardes 102nd Inft. off furlough to Mhow.
2nd Lieut E H B Stack, R R Rifles on duty to Bareilly.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1, 1905.

THE POST OFFICE IN INDIA.

THE Indian Post Office, the many difficulties with which it has to contend being considered, is worked as satisfactorily as any kindred institution in the world. Addresses are written in almost countless languages and systems of characters. The work is more diversified than perhaps in any other Post office in the world. Yet we doubt if any can show better results. Among the obstacles which have to be overcome plague may be mentioned as the first. For years past it has caused a certain amount of disorganisation in the work of the Department, especially in the Bombay Presidency and the United Provinces. In the former circle nearly a hundred post office buildings had to be temporarily vacated and 145 postal servants succumbed to this disease. The number of deaths from this cause in the ranks of the department was 359 and much courage and devotion to duty was shown on all sides. Then there are other dangers against which they have to contend, not the least of which is the highway robber. On twelve occasions in the past year the mail was held up. The most serious case occurred in the United Provinces. The robbers fastened a rope across the road and, after inflicting severe injuries on the driver of the mail cart, decamped with the mails—which fortunately contained nothing valuable. In another case a postal runner was waylaid and hewn with a sickle. In Baluchistan where the mails are carried on camel-back, a driver in charge of the parcel post was surprised and bound by two Afghans, who annexed two packages and made off. In another case the mail-carrier was killed, his body burnt and two of his legs carried away. Not less disagreeable is the liability to attack by wild animals which can certainly have no design on the mails. In February last a mail-runner was carried off by a man-eating tiger in broad daylight, whilst traversing a hill road through a dense forest, in the Mandla district of the Central Provinces, and it is added as a further illustration of the perils from wild beasts that two months previously a mail-runner in the Ahmedabad district was attacked by a wolf which was the terror of the countryside. The mail-runner defended himself with his staff and after a severe struggle succeeded in overpowering and killing the animal. Another carrier in the Punjab was killed in mistake for another man, several were drowned whilst crossing flooded rivers, and the Chitral mail party, numbering fifteen, was overwhelmed by an avalanche and all the men perished in the snow.

The Post Office in India besides doing the ordinary postal work, as in England, manages a V. P. P. business, runs an insurance scheme and sells quinine. It carries 298,221,404 letters, 299,486,463 post cards, 37,078,187 newspapers, 39,593,010 book and pattern packets, 30,81,903 registered parcels, and 1,459,464 unregistered parcels, an annually increasing quantity under all heads, especially post cards. As regards the correspondence exchanged with countries other than the United Kingdom, the Union Statistics which used to be taken every three years have been discontinued under the terms of the Principal Convention of Washington, but there is no reason to believe there has been any falling off. Most of the foreign parcels traffic—over 63 per cent. is with the United Kingdom. In the exchanges with other countries there is a steady and satisfactory development in both directions, an increase due mainly to the continued growth of the parcel post with Ceylon and Egypt. The report shows that 678,920,431 letters and packages were issued for delivery and to these figures must be added 17,955,677 money orders issued for payment, making a grand total of 696,876,108, an increase of almost fifty millions over the previous year. Of these over 95 per cent. were delivered. Five and a quarter millions found their way to the Dead Letter Offices, but of these close on twenty-six per cent. found their way to the persons for whom they were intended on being re-addressed. The number of articles finally deposited as dead was only a million and a half—only 2 per cent. of the total number of articles given out by the various offices for delivery,

If the working of the Value Payable Post had been carefully studied by the Post Office authorities in England they would never have abandoned their "Cash on Delivery" idea. In India it is for ever developing and last year roughly five million articles were handled, as against four of previous year, whilst the amount of commission realised was seven and a half lakhs, compared with six and a half. The increase in the year extended to all classes of value-payable articles, the main increase being under the head of unregistered packets which showed an advance of 29·12 over the figures of the preceding year. The money order system is yearly more appreciated. Last year the total was 18,300,528, over three-quarters of a million more than in the previous twelve months and the total amount remitted was thirty-four crores, an advance of two crores. The money order business in Bengal, for some unexplained reason is greater than elsewhere and constitutes one-third of the total transactions for all India. Telegraphic money orders are more numerous every year, Burma showing the greatest liking for this system of remittance. The operations of the Post Office Savings Banks show no sign of falling off. Over a crore and seven lakhs has been added to the deposits during the year of 10,58,813 active accounts, in existence at the end of the year, 49,224 were security deposit accounts with a balance in favour of the depositors of over fifty-nine and a half lakhs. Public accounts and regimental accounts are numerous, but over a hundred and thirty-nine thousand accounts representing two and a quarter crores, are held on behalf of minors by their parents, relatives and guardians, who doubtless hope thereby to give the infants a start in life hereafter, as well as to encourage habits of thrift. A classification of the Savings Bank depositors shows that the largest number of accounts were held by the undermentioned classes respectively : persons of no occupation or whose incomes are derived from others or from their own property ; the professional class, and the domestic class. Business men doubtless find more profitable investments in which to place their money. On the subject of investments in Government Securities we find that the number of securities purchased through the Post Office was 1,797 of the nominal value of Rs. 11,32,400, as compared with 566 of the nominal value of Rs 3,85,300 in the previous year. The sales of securities were 78, as compared with 47 in the preceding year, and the nominal value of the securities held in the custody of the Comptroller-General at the close of the year on account of depositors in the Post Office Savings Bank was Rs. 18,56,400, as compared with Rs. 12,46,900 on the 31st March 1904. Of this balance in the hands of the Comptroller-General, Rs. 17,82,303 were in 3½ per cent. loans, and Rs. 74,100 in 3 per cent, loans. The market increase in the number and value of securities purchased, and in the value of securities held in the custody of the Comptroller-General, is attributed to the greater facilities afforded for investments through the Post Office since the 1st August 1904, by the revised rules on the subject issued by Government. Under these rules, no charge of any kind on account of fee, commission or brokerage is made in connection with the transactions, and the interest on securities which remains in the custody of the Comptroller-General is exempted from income-tax. In this country the Postal Department is the servant of the public and a very valuable servant too.

THE POVERTY OF THE CLERGY. The poverty of the clergy of the Church of England is neither creditable to the nation nor to the Established Church. Now and again we hear of isolated efforts to ameliorate their condition, but they result in little, and we are glad to see that now organised attempts are being made by the Clergy Pensions Institution and its London Diocesan Committee to improve matters. There are now, it seems, 4,700 beneficiaries and the number is said to be steadily increasing. Diocesan Committees have been formed to pay supplementary pensions to clergymen belonging to the particular diocese, and these committees in fixing the supplement, take into account the private means of the retiring clergyman. In some cases the pensions have been increased by the Diocesan Committees to £100, and in one case to £150. For the purpose of raising funds for the London Diocesan Committee, a meeting was convened a few weeks ago at which the Bishop of London delivered a striking address. In it his lordship referred to the poverty of the ministers of the church as a scandal. In his diocese, he said, there were some twenty parishes where no work was going on at all. For this, it was said somebody was to blame, and the blame was usually laid on the bishop. They did not realise that the bishop could do nothing ; at least, all he could do was to try to collect a fund to provide a pension for some aged brother. In fifteen cases he had done this and freed the parish of one who was only too anxious to do his duty, but was from old age incapable of doing it. This question involved a terrible loss of the laity to the Church. Churches which used to be full were almost empty, because of clergymen who, although doing their best, were past their work, but could not retire. In the next place it was not fair to the younger men among the clergy. Promotion was terribly slow, for a man had to work fifteen years before he came within the range of promotion. When a clergyman reached the age of forty the Church ought to be able to give him a sphere of his own. The laity of London should give so liberally to the Augmentation Fund that it should be able to set free many more ministers from the burdens for which, from old age, they were unequal—that it should be able to go to such a man and say. "On behalf of the Church which you have served, we are able to offer you this much towards your retirement," and he would be glad of the chance of retiring without being a burden to his friends. But this involves money and a great deal of it and an appeal has been made to the laity who demand a church and a chaplain wherever they go. Failing a generous response to this appeal, nothing seems likely to prove effectual but the reduction of the "fat" livings and the devotion of their surplus funds to the poor parishes. The mere suggestion in England would raise a terrible outcry, but if the State supports the Church it must support its ministers—those of the impecunious parishes first.

A FRENCH VIEW OF ENGLAND'S ECONOMIC CONDITIONS. A CAREFUL essay on "the Physical Deterioration of the English people" which a capable French economist contributes to the "Annales des Sciences Politiques" affords some very interesting and instructive reading. M. Savary is much impressed by the pessimism which seemed to sweep over England about the time of the late Queen's death, which happened to coincide with the gloomiest period of the Boer War. He thinks that Englishmen said in their hearts, more or less consciously, "the Victorian era is closed," while the revelation of the country's military weakness prepared them for alarmist speculations. Mr. Rowntree's book on "poverty" came to confirm the early conclusions of Mr. Booth. The notorious facts about the later batches of Yeomanry recruits lent substance to the statistics of the War Office about the physical deficiencies of recruits in industrial districts. Then came the London School Board's discovery that 16 per cent, of the children in its school are underfed. The census helped Englishmen to realise, as they had never done before the meaning of rural depopulation and the gradual transformation of an agricultural England into something which is beginning to resemble Mr. Carnegie's dream of a pleasure-ground for millionaires. And yet, contrasting the condition of England with that of the Continent, M. Savary is inclined to envy Englishmen their economic conditions, and condole with them only on the possession of certain undesirable social and moral traits—the tendency of their working classes towards a sort of cheap and shoddy luxury, their distaste for home life, their passion for the public house and the racecourse, the bad management of their house-wives, and the choice of foods which rather cheat hunger than build up strength. In all this there is nothing irremediable, and modern medical science lays its emphasis rather on environment than on heredity, teaching, indeed, that the vast majority even of the poorest children start with an energy that will suffice for a normal life if only the suitable conditions can be provided.

H. M. S. PERSEUS, Commander M. Hill, arrived in harbour yesterday from Colombo, which port she left on the 17th October and called at Trincomalee. She has entered the Government dry dock.

THE Viceroy is still indisposed, and has abandoned his visit to Delhi.

THE Tsar has issued a Manifesto lamenting the present disturbances and promising reforms.

THE Somali Mullah has attacked a tribe on the Italian frontier and looted their cattle.

THE Porte protests against the joint naval demonstration as unprecedented.

THERE is news from Thakur Jai Chand, of Lahore the British Trade Agent at the newly opened trade mart at Gartok who is shortly coming down on four months' leave, that the total trade between India and Western Tibet during the past summer amounted to twelve lakhs of rupees. The Thakur also states that the winter is setting in unusually early ; a fact which corresponds with the general meteorological conditions in Northern India.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Dholka Railway, for the week ending 16th September amounted to Rs. 1,662, being a decrease on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 20. Total earnings from 1st July to 16th September were Rs. 15,625, being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 3,014.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti-Valley Railway, for the week ending 16th September amounted to Rs. 11,019, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 4,871. Total earnings from 1st July to 16th September were Rs. 1,11,065 being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 33,740.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway, for the week ending 16th September amounted to Rs. 2,888, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 559. Total earnings from 1st July to 16th September were Rs. 29,773 being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 99.

MUCH interest is shown in the keen competition which is proceeding among the clergy in the neighbourhood of Gravesend for the discovery of the name of Admiral Togo in their old baptismal registers. Recently the Bishop of Rochester drew the attention of the clergy in the deanery to the fact that Admiral Togo, while a cadet on the "Worcester," was baptised at one of the local churches, and he expressed a wish that they should search their registers. A new interest has now been given to the quest by the claim of the Roman Catholics that Togo was baptised and confirmed a Roman Catholic. The Roman Catholic Bishop o Japan, who is now in England, has interested himself in the matter, and at Gravesend, Greenhithe and Erith, the investigation is being eagerly pursued

THE "Journal of the Union of German Engineers' makes a statement which shows clearly that success has crowned the efforts made by German manufacturers to secure a foothold in Japan with regard to railway material. the Japanese Government has appointed its own special expert in Germany on behalf of the Japanese State Railways. This is Herr Rumschottel, who was until lately manager of the Berlin Machine Construction Company, and who henceforth will advise in the matter of buying German railway material for Japan. It may be pointed out that hitherto this work has been part of the duties incumbent on the technical expert of the Japanese Government in London. It will now be interesting to observe the results of this change, so far as British railway material for Japan is concerned.

THIS is an elegant extract from the contribution of a Margate correspondent to the "Times" of Oct. 9, 1805—"Every successive day the society here becomes more select and interesting. The mild radiance of female beauty is disturbed by no glaring tints, and obscured by no vulgar shades; it smiles through the reticulated veil and blazes in meridian lustre beneath the nut-brown arches or, perhaps, droops in poetical melancholy with the elegant sorrows of the slender willow. The boarding-school sinking, and governess greverences, are supplanted by the tranquil changes of attitude with which the human form acquires new grace at every variation, crowned with that Promethean fire which the glowing finger of love alone can illumine. Such is the character of the company which attended the Promenade and Concert of sacred Music, at the Rooms, last night : not more than 300 were present ; but, instead of that promiscuous groupe which reminds us of a Dutch "contre-uisite," with stoves refreshed, pipes lighted, sand-boxes arranged, and the suffocating stench of such orgies, there subsisted that refined and delicate intercourse in which the laws of etiquette are for a while suspended by mutual respect and liberal confidence. . . . ."

THE "Matin's" special correspondent at Baku relates a curious incident concerning the methods of Russian administration during the recent massacres. When the Czar's orders were received for energetic repression, two old cannons were taken from their dusty repose. One day the cry was raised that some one was firing on the Governor's palace, and a voice in the crowd shouted that the shots had proceeded from the British Consul's house ; instantly the two old guns were trained on this building and the word to fire given. A few foreigners, including some English men and women, who were on the balcony, fled in dismay to the back of the premises, where they were met by a band of Cossacks, who were ready to shoot them down. At this moment a man with a little more common sense than the rest of the crowd convinced the Governor that there was a mistake, and the bombardment was then stopped. The building had been riddled with shots but no one was hurt. On another occasion the officer in charge of the artillery section suddenly discovered that he was bombarding an empty house so he transferred the firing to the next one. The innocent occupant rushed out and appealed to the officer to stop, but he only saved his skin by giving the officer a promissory note for £200.

SCHOOLDAYS OF CELEBRITIES.

THE RT. HON. SIR JOHN BRODRICK.

AN old schoolfellow who writes of several men we know in a Nor Magazine says it was the right Hon. St. John Brodrick. The fashion, when St. John Brodrick was a lad, for parents to send their boys to Eton much earlier than they do now. The usual age was then twelve or thirteen, and in some cases their acquaintance with Eton began at the tender age of eight or nine, when they passed through the able hands of the late Rev. John Hawtrey, whose house was a nursery for budding Etonians.

Possibly there are disadvantages in a boy's going so young to a public school but personally I am free to confess that I do not know in what they consist. The advantages, on the other hand, are enormous for taking it for granted that every influence the lad will come across at a school like Eton will be for good, his character before he is launched in his teens is unformed and moreover ripe and susceptible for good, or the reverse. There is no school in the world where independence and manliness are so well taught by object lessons as at Eton. As an instance of what I mean, I remember having a conversation once on this very subject with St. John Brodrick, and we both agreed in contrasting one's affection for the dear old school on leaving as against the homesickness one felt as a new boy.

The reason is not far to seek. At most schools there are dormitories at the houses, public places for working, and all meals are taken in some big room or hall. At Eton the new boy is ushered into a snug little room all to himself, where he finds a fold-up bed, washing-stand, table, Windsor chairs, and bureau. Here he has his breakfast and tea, and prepares his lessons, in solitary state. No one comes near him. At luncheon and supper all the boys in the house meet, otherwise his little room is his home—especially at a Deme's house, where the boy has to go out to his tutor's pupil-room. At first therefore, there is an appalling feeling of loneliness ; but it does not last long, and after a time one gets to love one's little room, especially when the walls and bookshelves become adorned later on with pictures and pictures and book—the gifts of friends who have left.

St. John Brodrick went to Eton fairly young, and he had the inestimable advantage of going to Dr. Warre's house, which at that time was at the zenith of its fame. Dr Warre was a young man then, and his keenness, virility, strength of character, and thoroughness, were responsible for his phenomenal success with his boys, more than his great acquirements as a scholar. St. John Brodrick was a boy after Dr. Warre's own heart. Honest, straightforward, simple-minded, and hard-working certainly plodding rather than brilliant. In games he was just the same, I can see him now at football, a reliable, staunch man in the bully, content to do his utmost to help his side along without shining in any burst of speed, or electrifying achievement which would make the crowd cheer. In everything he undertook he was above all things sound. Strangely enough, the only photograph I have of him when we were boys together was taken outside his tent in the uniform of an Eton Volunteer when we were camping out. After all the fuss that has been made concerning our soldiers' headgear, it is rather odd that I should find this old photograph in which he is depicted as a colour-sergeant wearing one of the ridiculous old forage caps.

In the early seventies, volunteering at Eton was looked upon with mild contempt, and but for Dr. Warre, who succeeded in infusing enthusiasm into his own house, the corps would have been in a very bad way. Young Brodrick was very keen, and took the trouble to master his drill and pass his shooting classes. I forget whether he shot for Eton at Wimbledon, but I know he was above the average as a marksman. Only one boy held a commission, and that was Mellish, afterwards a famous shot at Wimbledon.

There were many funny episodes, by the way. In connection with the Volunteers in those days. Dr. Warre, who was the Deus ex machina, knew perfectly well that whatever the "Swells" made up their minds to do would be immediately imitated by the rest of the school. Accordingly he spoke to many stalwart and popular youths who were in the eight, the eleven, and the Field, and persuaded them to order uniforms and join. Shortly afterwards, there was an inspection by an officer of the Guards, who came over from Windsor. We assembled in the yard in front of the old mathematical schools, each armed with the cumbersome Snider of those days. The Swell recruits had had very little time to pick up their drill, but they looked very smart in their new grey and light blue uniforms. I remember the whole scene as if it were yesterday. Fatty Moss Captain of the boats, Brodrick, and Mulholland, all at Warre's, were uncommonly busy, acting more as sheep dogs with an unruly flock than as officers. At last, just as everything seemed all right and the order was about to be given to march to the playing fields, where the inspection was to be held, Dr. Warre described one of the rank and file a well-known member of the eleven, carrying on an animated argument with a superior officer.

Silence in the ranks there ! he shouted, and strode up to the scene of the disturbance. Now then, what does all this talking mean ? he queried.

Please, sir replied the Swell recruit, I told Brodrick I hadn't got a Johnny behind me and he said I was a blank file as if it was my fault !

Half the school had assembled outside the railings of the courtyard by this time to see the start and the fifes and drums were impatient to tune up, so Dr. Warre said very gently to the recruit. I think, perhaps as it is an inspection to-day, you might like to look on. You will soon pick up your drill.

The Sinder was returned to the armoury, and the irate cricketer had his volunteer trousers made into knickerbockers for running with the beagle.

The boys who are on the foundation of the school are called Collegers, or Tugs. They are for the most part boys of exceptional ability, for the competitive examination when they enter Eton is of the stiffest, and as a rule there are only vacancies for about to 10 per cent. of those who go up. When I first went to Eton the Collegers and Oppidans were like oil and vinegar ; they seldom had much to say to each other, in school time or in play hours either. When a young Colleger had to pass through a crowd of Oppidan lower boys, he was greeted with shouts of Tug ! Tug ! and often a book or two was hurled at his head. By degrees, however, this absurd prejudice gradually melted away I believe (Bishop) Welldon and H. E. Ryle (who was to be Bishop Winchester) on the Collegers' side, and the Lytteltons, Brodrick, Bruce, and Melville Macnaghten on the other, had a great deal to do with the burying of the hatchet. There was, I should add, never anything personal in the feud—perhaps I should say, estrangement. It was a tradition handed down from many generations of Etonians, and it culminated each year on St. Andrew's day, when the match between rival teams of Collegers and Oppidans was played at the Wall.

So far as many of the lower boys were concerned, they associated the little gowned Tugs with certain painful interviews with the Headmaster. It is customary when a boy is complained of, for the sixth form præpostor to make his appearance in the culprit's classroom during eleven o'clock school. He opens the door, and addressing the master, says : Is So-and-So in this division ? If the master answers Yes, the præpostor says, He is to stay afterwards. This means, that directly after school the boy has to go and see the Headmaster outside Chambers. The delinquent is then told what the accusation is, and if he has never been complained of before, he claims first fault and goes off with a caution. If, on the other hand, he is an old offender, he is told to go upstairs. There he finds himself in the sixth-form room, of which I have obtained an excellent little photograph, which includes the dreaded block and three of the famous birch rods. Two little Tugs are in attendance, and it is their duty to hold the culprit down whilst the necessary number of strokes from the birch are being administered. I am told that corporal punishment is much less frequent now than in my day.

(Concluded on page 6.)

THE RUSSIAN STRIKES.

MANIFESTO BY THE TSAR.

Instantaneous Pacific Effect.

RAILWAY STRIKES ENDED.

GREAT REJOICING EVERY WHERE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Strike has ended on the Moscow-Petersburg, Moscow-Kazan and Moscow-Archangel railways.

The Tsar's manifesto has been placarded throughout St. Petersburg and telegraphed wherever the wires are working.

It is believed at St. Petersburg the effect will be instantaneous and has created great popular rejoicing.

Last night crowds were cheering for liberty and the Tsar, and singing the National Anthem instead of the Marseillaise as lately.

The people surrounded the bewildered Cossacks patting their horses and men, saying: "You can go home and are no longer wanted. We have got our liberties."

In view of the interruption of the mail service between St. Petersburg and Berlin owing to the railway strike, the Kaiser has placed two torpedo boat divisions at the Tsar's disposal to convey official correspondence and despatches between Peterhof and Memel. The Tsar has gratefully accepted the offer.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

There are one or two indications that the strike in Russia is weakening owing to a lack of funds. The general conditions of the scarcity produced thereby are affecting all classes.

A Manifesto of the Tsar has been issued to-night, appointing Count de Witte, Prime Minister, with power to co-ordinate and unify the branches of administration, granting civic liberties to the people, extending the legislative powers of the Duma and enlarging the franchise.

There are rumours current that four ships of the Russian Black Sea fleet have mutinied and that Admirals Biriloff and Tohuknin have been murdered.

Another rumour says General Trepoff has been assassinated at St. Petersburg.

Repeated encounters have taken place between the populace and Cossacks at Riga, in which many were wounded.

There has been much bloodshed at Reval, where the troops fired two volleys, killing 45 and wounding 90 of the mob.

Odessa is outwardly quieting, but revolt is smouldering.

Yesterday's fighting led to serious carnage followed by unbridled repression on the part of the Cossacks.

Warsaw is still very disturbed.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

A Company of troops at Lodz has been arrested for firing in the air.

A similar incident has taken place at Warsaw.

Three hundred of the rioters were killed and wounded, in the disturbances at Odessa, last Sunday.

The Tsar in his Manifesto declares that the prevalent troubles have filled his heart with great sorrow, and may become a menace to the integrity of the Empire. Therefore it is his duty to efface himself, and hasten their cessation for which he recognises that the co-ordination of the powers of the Government is indispensable.

Finally he directs the Government to fulfil his will as follows:—

Firstly, to grant real inviolability of person and freedom of speech, conscience, union and association.

Secondly, without deferring the elections to the Duma to enable as far as possible in view of the shortness of time, the classes at present deprived of electoral rights to participate in the Duma, leaving the ultimate settlement of the franchise to the new legislative regime.

Thirdly, to establish an immutable rule that no new law shall come into force without the approval of the Duma, which is also to exercise real supervision over the legality of the acts of the authorities.

A general strike begins in Finland to-day, including the railways, which hitherto have not been affected.

PORTE'S OBSTINACY.

The Naval Demonstration.

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The Porte has intimated to the Ambassadors that a joint audience is not admissible and would be unprecedented.

NEWS FROM SOMALILAND.

Mullah on the War Path.

The Somali Mullah, it is reported, has attacked a tribe on the coast of the Italian protectorate and looted all their cattle. Hence the despatch of the cruisers Fox and Proserpine from Suez.

THE JAPANESE RICE CROP.

Reuter (Tokio) says it is believed the Government will abrogate the import duty on rice owing to the serious shortage of the crop and measures are being considered to relieve the consequent distress.

GERMANY'S PROPOSAL RE PECHILI.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The "Standard" says that the proposal of Germany in regard to Pechili refers only to the garrisons on the railways, and does not affect the Legation guards.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

DINNER TO LORD MINTO.

The Ministers Present.

WISHES FOR A GREAT CAREER.

LONDON, Oct. 31.

At the farewell dinner, given by some private friends to Lord Minto, last night, the Duke of Portland presiding, a large and distinguished company was present, including Mr. Brodrick, Lord Lansdowne, the Marquis of Bath and Earl Roberts

Lord Minto, responding to the speech proposing his health, said the difficulties and responsibilities of the administration of India loomed very large before him and he felt that in succeeding a brilliant ruler whose reorganisation of the State machinery had given the impression of ability and energy, it was impossible for any successor to emulate.

Lord Lansdowne said that those who had watched Lord Minto's career were delighted he would have a wider field for the many sound and excellent qualities which had made him distinguished.

THE FRENCH ALIENS BILL.

The French Chamber has voted the Bill granting amnesty to M. Deroulede and his co-exiles which was before the Chamber last July.

BETTING ON THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE.

The following is the latest betting on the race far the Cambridgeshire to run to-morrow.

6 to 1	Velocity
13 to 2	Glenamoy
9 to 1	Andover
100 to 8	Donnetta
100 to 7	Thunderbolt
100 to 6	Nirvanah

MESSRS. SHRAGER BROS'. INSOLVENCY.

APPLICATION FILED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

Before Mr. Justice Woodroffe, at the Calcutta High Court, an application was made on behalf of Mr Isaac Shrager, senior partner the firm of Messrs. Shrager Brothers, and also on behalf of Mr. Adolphe Shrager, also a member of that firm for leave to file their respective petitions of insolvency. It explained to the Court that owing to the firm having Branch Offices in London, Alexandria, Broom (Western Australia), Colombo and Singapore and their business having been a very extensive one, it was impossible at the present moment to file their schedule, and the estate paper showing the assets and liabilities, and two months' time was asked for. His Lordship gave time until November Court day to file the schedule.

SWADESHI RAMPANT.

Persistent rumours are afloat in Calcutta that from to-morrow all shops, including those in the new market, remain closed for a week. The Superintendent of the Market has arranged that the European public shall suffer no inconvenience for want of supplies.

THE POONA GAMBLING CASE.

POONA, Oct. 31.

Further hearing of the case in which Mr. Dalal, bookmaker, is charged at the instance of Mr. Stewart, the Inspector General of Police, under the Gambling Act, with having played crown and anchor, at the last Point to Point races, came before Mr. Mudatkar in the first class Honorary Magistrate's Court.

On being examined Kaikhusroo Dalal admitted having played the game at the races.

Mr. Hormusji Dalal, in his examination, denied having had anything to do with the game. He was looking after the totalizator at the time, but, when Mr. Stewart took away the table cloth, he ran after him and showed him the permit, he obtained from Colonel Hathaway, Secretary of the races. He did this, because Kaikhusroo did not understand English and was unable to explain the situation to the Inspector-General.

Mr. Ghaswala, Barrister for the defence, asked permission to see the letter which Colonel Hathaway had written to the Court, seeking exemption from attendance. The letter was shown and read, which says: "I returned to Bombay on 30th, and applied for leave. But this cannot be granted as my duties in Bombay prevent my leaving."

Mr. Ghaswalla asked for an adjournment to enable him to examine Colonel Hathaway, viva voce, in Bombay.

The examination will proceed before the Presidency Magistrate.

Tindha Ebrahim, examined, said the land where the races were held belong to his master. The spot where the shamiana was pitched also belonged to him. In cross-examination the witness said he did not attend the races. But knew the ground. No hire was paid to Tindha, but the usual permission was given to the race. In his re-examination the witness said no tickets of admission were required for the races. It was a sort of jungle ground, but the shamiana was reserved for "Saheb Logues." The general public could not go there.

The case was adjourned till the 27th November, for the vice voce examination of Colonel Hathaway at Bombay and for the examination of Tindha Ebrahim to prove that the land was his private property.

PROJECTED MOTOR TRIAL.

SURVEY OF THE ROAD.

Mr. Dawar, Secretary of the Motor Union of Western India, with a small party motored up to Poona from Bombay, yesterday, and proceeded the same day to Mahableshwar, in Mr. Stewart's Argyle on a survey expedition. The party returned from Mahableshwar the same night at 8 p.m., and were evidently satisfied that the road from Poona was eminently adapted to the trial. They had some trouble with their machine, climbing up the Bhor Ghaut. After a few hours' delay they found their way safely to Poona.

Mr. Aga Shah Rookhshah went down to Khandalla to meet the party. The distance from Khandalla to Poona having been done in one hour 40 minutes.

BURNT BY FIREWORKS.

Mr. Panvard, bookmaker, whilst setting off fire-works, was burnt severely. He was conveyed to the Sassoon Hospital.

THE VICEROY STILL INDISPOSED.

DELHI TRIP ABANDONED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 31.

His Excellency the Viceroy is still suffering from an attack of fever, and has been compelled to abandon his projected visit to Delhi. His Excellency hopes to able to leave Lahore for Indore, in order to lay the foundation stone of the New Daly College on Thursday evening.

THE CALCUTTA PRINTERS' STRIKE.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

The printers' strike continues unabated. A few men of the Bengal Secretariat Press have returned to work. Another meeting was held last evening, the men declaring they were not on strike, but had been locked out. They now accepted the situation and were determined not to return unless sent for and the dismissed men reinstated.

THE ADDRESS TO LORD MINTO.

The tender of Messrs. Hamilton and Co., jewellers, has been accepted for the silver casket in which the Municipal Address will be presented to Lord Minto. It will cost Rs. 1,500.

JUTE MILLS AND SHORT HOURS.

At a meeting of the Jute Mills Association yesterday, to consider the advisability of working short hours, it was agreed that all electric lighting should be stopped from January to June, and those mills in which there are no electric lights should close at 12 noon on Saturdays. It was also agreed that no jute should be purchased till to-morrow, to which day the meeting is postponed.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

LONDON, Oct, 15.

DEATH OF PRINCE TRUBETZKOI.

REFORMERS IN MOURNING.

Prince Sergius Trubetzkoi, rector of Moscow University, Marshal of Nobility, and President of the Zemstvos, succumbed to appoplexy on Friday, while attending a conference at the Ministry of Education at St. Petersburg. His death has caused general mourning in reform circles. Ossovsky, assistant chief of police at Kishinieff, has been assassinated. He was largely responsible for the massacres of 1903, and the later anti-Semitic disturbances.

THE MOSCOW STRIKE.

The workmen on strike at Moscow erected a barricade in Rozhdestvensky-avenue. The Cossacks destroyed the structure and wounded six of the strikers.

AGREEMENT BY THREE POWERS.

TO CRUSH A POLISH REVOLUTION.

The Warsaw correspondent of the "Observer" says that at Germany's instigation, Russia, Germany, and Austria signed an agreement on February 1st last, that in the event of a revolution in Russian Poland, Germany and Austria would engage to occupy Poland with fully two divisions of troops.

THE STRANDING OF THE "ASSISTANCE."

Diving operations have revealed the fact that a rock has penetrated the bottom of the repair ship "Assistance," which is stranded on the Moroccan coast.

NEW ZEALANDERS' NINTH VICTORY.

The New Zealand Rugby footballers scored their ninth victory of the English tour on Friday, when playing against Northumberland, they scored two goals, seven tries to nil. The weather was boisterous, but the game nevertheless was witnessed by 10,000 spectators. Gillet quickly scored a try. Cunningham and Deans each secured a further try and Hunter three most brilliant tries, two of which were converted. In the second half Northumberland played much better, but Hunter scored two more tries, and Harper one. The high wind spoilt the place kicking.

ENORMOUS DIVIDENDS: 3,500 PER CENT.

The Broken Hill Syndicate, which sold 100,000 shares in South Blocks to the Lake View Consols Co., have declared a dividend of 175 per cent. on the A £1 shares, and 3,500 per cent. on the B shilling shares.

THE PARIS TRAGEDY.

GAILLARD SENTENCED.

Auguste Gaillard, a blacksmith, who in August last, strangled Miss Henrietta Cary, an English governess, in broad daylight at Mont Valerien, a suburb of Paris, has been sentenced to penal servitude for life.

COMMITTED FOR PERJURY.

John Lightfoot, alias Norman Battle, who stated at the Bow-street Police Court on Friday, that Hugh Watt had paid him to give concocted evidence, has been committed for trial on a charge of perjury.

DEATH OF SIR HENRY IRVING.

Sir Henry Irving, the great English actor, died from syncope after performing at Bradford last night. He had performed the part of "Becket" in Tennyson's great play, and his last words on the stage were:—"Into Thy hands, O Lord, into Thy hands." He was then seized with syncope. He was taken to his hotel, where he died in a few minutes.

SUGGESTION BY MISS TERRY.

The press and leading actors of Britain, the Continent, and America unanimously eulogise the late Sir Henry Irving as England's most illustrious actor and greatest stage ornament. Miss Ellen Terry suggests the establishment of a municipal theatre where the standard of the true drama may be upheld. It would, she says, be a fitting monument, since it would realise Sir Henry Irving's life wish.

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

The new book on defence which has just been published by Major-General Hutton, ex-Commander-in-Chief of the Commonwealth Military Forces, urges the adoption of the Australian militia system.

This system, he claims, is the only possible solution of the national military problem.

JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Viscount Hayashi, the Japanese Ambassador in London, interviewed yesterday, said he did not think Australia was likely to be troubled with Japanese immigrants.

Manchuria and Korea, he said, would require development, and would absorb five or ten millions more than Japan could spare.

THE ROYAL VISIT.

A Press Communique on the subject of the visit of Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, gives the following programme, as it stood on October 30th, of arrangements from November 9th to November 14th.

BOMBAY TIME.

November 9th—12 noon, H. M. S. Renown arrives Bombay. His Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief goes on board.

3 15 p. m., His Excellency the Viceroy, accompanied by Her Excellency Lady Curzon, leaves the Bandar to go on board.

3-30 p. m., His Excellency the Governor, the Chief Justice, the Bishop of Bombay and Members of Council leave the Bandar to go on board.

4-15 p. m., Their Royal Highnesses land at the Apollo Bandar. Presentation of Chiefs and high officials. Presentation of Municipal address and reply thereto. Their Royal Highnesses drive through part of Native city to Government House, Malabar Point.

11-15 p. m., His Excellency the Viceroy departs. (Departure private).

November 10th—10-30 a.m. Visits from Chiefs to His Royal Highness.

4-30 p.m., Their Royal Highnesses drive through the Native town. Open new street and pass through People's Fair "en route."

8 p.m. Banquet followed by Levee at the Secretariat and Purdah party at Government House.

November 11th.—10-30 a.m. His Royal Highness returns visits of Chiefs.

4-30 p.m. Their Royal Highnesses lay foundation stone of Museum. His Royal Highness visits the Dockyard and Flagship. Her Royal Highness goes to the Town Hall to receive the address from the Native ladies of Bombay.

8 p.m. Dinner followed by reception of Native Chiefs first and then by a general reception.

November 12th.—Sunday. In the evening Their Royal Highnesses may go for a drive. They will attend Divine Service at the Cathedral at 6 p.m.

November 13th.—10-30 a.m. His Royal Highness returns visits of Chiefs.

4-30 p. m. Their Royal Highnesses lay foundation stone of new Dock. They may later on in the evening visit the Yacht Club.

10-30 p. m., Byculla Club Ball.

November, 14th—10-30 a. m. Interviews. Afternoon, Their Royal Highnesses drive to the Victoria Dock and go by steam launch to Elephanta Caves. Private dinner and departure. Their Royal Highnesses will drive through the illuminated streets en route to the station.

NATIVE CHIEFS.

The Raj Saheb of Vankaner will arrive at the Grant Road Station at 7-15 a.m. (Standard time) on Friday, the 3rd November. The Commanding Royal Garrison Artillery will arrange for a salute of 9 guns to be fired from Colaba North Battery at 6-36 a.m. (local time.)

His Highness the Nawab of Cambay will arrive at the Grant Road Station at 6-25 a.m. (Standard time), on Saturday, the 4th November. The 104th Rifles will furnish a guard of honour, strength 50 Rank and File under a Native Officer to be at the station at 5-30 a.m. (local time.) The 104th Rifles will detail a guard of 1 N.-C. O. and 6 men to mount on the residence of His Highness (Kheraj Villa, No. 3335, Peddar Road, Cumballa Hill) at 6 a.m. The Commanding Royal Garrison Artillery will arrange for a salute of 11 guns to be fired from Colaba North Battery at sunrise. The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will detail an escort of 1 non-Commissioned Officer and 8 Sowars to escort His Highness from the station to his residence. The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will detail an escort of 1 N.-C. O. and 3 Sowars to accompany His Highness when he goes out

His Highness the Raj Saheb of Dhrangadra will arrive at the Grant Road Station at 7-15 a m. (Standard time) on Saturday, the 4th November. The 104 Rifles will furnish a guard of honour, strength 50 rank and file under a Native officer to be at the station at 6-30 a.m. (local time). The 104th Rifles will detail a guard of 1 N.-C. O. and 6 men to mount on the residence of His Highness (Strachey House Peddar Road) at 6 a.m. The Commanding Royal Garrison Artillery will arrange for a salute of 11 guns to be fired from Colaba North Battery at 6-36 a. m. (local time). The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will detail an escort of I N.-C. O. and 8 Sowars to be at the station at 6-30 a. m. (local time) to escort His Highness to his residence. The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will detail an escort of 1 N.-C. O. and 3 men to accompany His Highness when he goes out.

His Higness the Nawab of Junagad will arrive at the Grant Road Station at 9-15 a. m. (Standard time) on Saturday, the 4th November. The 104th Rifles will furnish a guard of honour strength 50 Rank and File, under a Native Officer to be at the station at 8-30 a. m. (local time). The 104th Rifles will detail a guard of 1 N.-C. O. and 6 men to mount on the residence of His Highness (H. H. Aga Khan's bungalow, Land's End, Malabar Hill) at 8 a. m. The Commanding Royal Garrison Artillery will arrange for a salute of 11 guns to be fired from Colaba North Battery at 8-36 a. m. (local time). The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will detail an escort of 1 N.-C. O. and 8 Sowars to be at the station to escort His Highness to his residence. The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will detail an escort of 1 N. C. O. and 3 Sowars to escort His Highness when he goes out.

The Thakore Sahib of Wadhwan will arrive at the Grant Road Station at 10 a. m. (Standard time) on Saturday, the 4th November. The Commanding Royal Garrison Artillery will arrange for a salute of 9 guns to be fired from Colaba North Battery at 9-21 a. m. (local time). The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will detail an escort of 1 N.-C. O and 3 Sowars to escort the Thakore Sahib from the Railway Station to his residence (Hajibai Lalji's bungalow, Walkeshwar (Road.) The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will also detail an escort of 2 Sowars to escort the Thakore Sahib when he goes out.

The Chief of Jamkhindi will arrive at the Victoria Terminus at 11-30 a.m. Standard time) on Saturday, the 4th November. The Officer Commanding 33rd Light Cavalry will detail 2 Sowars to escort the Chief from the Railway Station to his residence (Chaturbuj Hemraj's bungalow, No. 451-C, Walkeshwar Road.

INDIAN LADIES AND H. R. H. THE PRINCESS OF WALES.

We are authorised to state that subscriptions to this fund will be closed from the evening of Saturday, 4th November next. That in consideration of the presentation of the address being to Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, the subscription is confined only to "Native Ladies" of Bombay. If the subscribers are not personally acquainted with the Secretaries they can send their subscriptions through any of the following members of the Executive Committee they may know. The Committee reserve the right to refuse subscriptions. Miss Dhunbai C. Jehangir, Readymoney House, Malabar Hill, and Miss Serene M. Cursetjee, "Prospect Lodge," Cumballa Hill, are Honorary Secretaries and Treasurers.

Members of the Executive Committee.—Lady Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, H. H. Lady Aga Alishah, Lady Petit, Begum Mumtaz-Jehan Nusrulakhan, Lady Harkisondas, Mrs Ameerudin Tyebjee, Lady Jehangir, Miss M. Cursetjee, Dowager Lady Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Dilshad Begum Nawab Mirza, Lady Mehta, Mrs, Chandaverker, Lady Bhalchandra, Lady Bhownaggree, Mrs Bomanjee Petit, Mrs. Vithaldas D. Thakersey, Mrs Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Mrs. G. G. Tejpal, Mrs Rustomjee Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Mrs. Aga Moochoolshah, Mrs. J. D. Framjee, Mrs. Lookmani, Mrs, R. J. Tata, Mrs N. N. Kothare, Mrs Tribhowandas Vurjeewandas, Mrs. Hydari, Mrs. Rogay, Mrs. Abbas Ali Beig.

A CHARGE AGAINST AN ENGINE-DRIVER.

Sheikh Amrudin Sheikh Sharfurdin, an engine driver, was charged before Mr. Kemp at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday with causing grievous hurt to one Dewoo Yessoo. The evidence showed that complainant was a flagman, and his duty was to walk in front of a Port Trust steam roller a which was working on the New Uran Road leading to the New Dock. The accused was an engine-driver in charge of the Port Trust light railway, and had to drive the railway at right angles to that road and across it. On Monday afternoon while Dewoo was walking in front of the roller and was in the centre of the railway line, the accused drove his engine stright on to Dewoo and knocked him down. The man fell off the line, but his left leg being still in the engine passed over it, cutting it clean below the knee. It was alleged that the accused did not blow the whistle, as he was instructed to do, when nearing the steam roller, and hence the accident The accused denied the charge and said he did whistle three times when his engine was at some distance from the steam roller. He was driving the engine slowly. If the steam roller had moved backward as he was expecting it to do, the accident would not have accurred. Further hearing of the case was adjourned.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. IMPERATRIX.

The following is the list of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Imperatrix to-day from the Victoria Dock No. 7:—

Mr L Fonda
Revd Aloys Iysof
Revd Francis
Sub Condr Haynes
Mr Haji Alli Latiff
Mr Jacot Guillarmod
Miss H A Irvice
Miss Kutter
Miss Mallanah
Mr Nusserwanji D Contractor
Mrs Polacek
Mr and Mrs E E P Rose
Mr A Schelling
Mrs H Turner and infant

HOUSEKEEPERS, PLEASE NOTE!

Now that people are just setting up house again in the plains, there are no doubt some anxious housekeepers on the look out for good servants. It is to these careworn 'memsahibs' that I now offer, with perfect assurance of mutual satisfaction, my whole staff of 'naukar log,' who have been with me throughout the Simla season. As the best testimonial to their worth, I cannot do better than copy the 'chits' I have given them, supplemented by a few remarks.

Head Bearer.—Goolab Singh. Man of imposing presence, descendant in a direct line of Guru Nanak's, splendid at giving orders to other servants.

2nd Bearer.—Aged relation of head bearer's. Greatly resembles Moses, and gives air of respectability to house. Extremely pious. Says his prayers loudly at all hours of the day and night. This is soothing and conduces to sleep.

Chaprasi.—Should like to have seen more of this gentleman, but he was generally attending the law courts. Have known him mixed up in six small cases in as many months, besides a permanent suit on hand. Should be useful in legal difficulties.

Cook.—Shines at 'bara khanas' (care should, however, be taken to order the vegetables required, oneself, as a large cabbage is often the one blot in a recherche dinner.) His devotion to his work is remarkable. On receiving a telegram announcing that his wife was at the point of death and his presence instantly required, he continued compounding a lobster salad.

Head Khitmagar.—Thoroughly reliable hard-working servant. (Number of 'jharans' used by him, incredible. Began to fear they formed part of his daily food, but finally decided they were worn out by hard work.)

Chhota Khitmagar.—Thoughtful and careful about one's property. Always smashed either cup or saucer of each pattern, never broke both.

Bhisti.—The fact that none of the three cases of enteric in my house could actually be traced to the bhisti's 'mashk,' speaks for his carefulness.

Dirzi.—Man of most affectionate disposition. So many of his relations fell ill and died, that he was obliged to go up and down the hill continually. However he managed to make one dress.

Mali.—Worth his weight in gold. Kept the house stocked with choice flowers throughout the season, in spite of there being nothing in the garden. Has great taste in arranging flowers, though his inclination is sometimes to mix scarlet and magenta.

Ayah.—Shows great zeal in her master's and mistress' interests. Set half the other servants against herself by reporting their misdemeanours. (It would be as well to secure her at once, as her life is not safe.)

Syce.—Takes pride in his work. (I never bought so much best Momrogan or Saddle paste in my life.)

Sweeper.—Intelligent youth, only needs a little supervision to prevent such slight mistakes as washing the lapdog in a pudding basin, and killing pet birds with too many chilis.

My list concludes with four 'Jhampains' whom I recommend for next season, they display such eagerness to arrive at any tamasha before any one else, that they think nothing of smashing a few rickshaws en route.

I think everyone will agree with me, that with such exceptional testimonials, it is strange my servants should not have been snapped up at once. However they are of retiring disposition, and probably didn't do themselves justice. So much the better for the fortunate person, who may secure the entire establishment at any moment, by applying to X 000, care of "Gazette" Office!

UNPOPULAR ARMY.

THE DARK SIDE OF MR. ARNOLD-FORSTER'S ROSY PICTURE.

Mr. Arnold-Forster's rosy picture of the British soldier's lot is treated with scorn by Dr. Miller Maguire, the well-known Army instructor, barrister-at-law, and member of the Army League, who thinks that a big broom is needed at the War Office. "I hold," he said to a "Daily Chronical", representative, "that officers and men of all branches are the very worst paid—for what is expected of them—of any class in the community. Does Mr. Arnold-Forster consider that a sergeant in the Army is as well paid, taking into account his responsibilities and risks, as is any subordinate official of a borough council? A simple fact disposes of his Utopian ideas. If the position of private soldier is really worth 34s. a week, and the career has so many attarctions, why are there not crowds of applicants for the Army? If in other walks of life we advertise posts at 34s. a week, we have hundreds of applicant. Why are they short by 5 000 men for the Indian service? Why are 6,000 soldiers in gaol? Why were there 20,000 commitments to military prisons last year? What about the £3,000 paid to the police for arresting deserters last year? Do we find the police, the railways and so on short of men? Do we find railway and other employees running away by the thousand? The 11s. odd—out of the 34s.—which amount only, on Mr. Arnold-Forster's own statement, the soldier is allowed to spend on himself, is really only paid to the special private, who must do certain special work, and must commit himself, after probation, for a period of eight to 12 years. The ordinary recruit does not get it. And after his eight or 12 years the other is turned out without pension or provision. Offer the soldiers 30s. a week, like the police, deliver them from the tyranny of an absurd military law, give the sergeant proper station—give security of tenure, and we'll have a fine army in a short time. At present half the soldiers are not fit for manceuvres, let alone a foreign war. The railway companies for the same sum as is spent on the Regular Army at home can secure services and pension 90,000 more men than the whole Army of all branches, and at the same time maintain thousands of engines and waggons. Mr. Arnold-Forster's speech will not secure one recruit for the Army. He has made it during his term more unpopular than ever it was, Officers and men are disgusted. Officers perplexed by shuffling and varying schemes regarding every part of their career, are sending in their papers wholesale. What becomes of all the money voted for the Army nobody knows. The want of recruits or the desertions cannot be explained by fear of risk. Remember the volunteering in war time. Money and time are fritted away in inefficient administration. There ought to be a commission of inquiry."

NEW BRITISH CRUISERS.

Only three of the great shipbuilding firms of the country have been invited to submit tenders for the building of the heavy armoured cruisers which are proposed under the 1905-1906 Estimates. These firms are Armstrong, Whitworth, and Co., Elswick; John Brown and Co., Clydebank, and the Fairfield Shipbuilding and Engineering Co., Govan. In the case of Messrs. Armstrong the services of Humphrys, Tennant, and Co., London, are called in for the machinery. The Admiralty are taking every precaution to keep secret the details of these new vessels, and of their armament, and for this reason tender forms have been issued only to the companies mentioned, so that the possibility of the leakage of information may be reduced as much as possible The new cruisers although officially of the Minotaur class, will be, it is understood, a great advance both in weight of armour, as well as in power of armament, over anything in the nature of an armoured cruiser which has yet been laid on the stocks. They will combine, more nearly than has been done before, the speed of the cruiser—the sleuthhound of the sea—with the weight both in armour and metal of of the modern battleship.

THE POM POM NOT SUITED FOR INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 31.

It has been decided that the one pounder q. f. gun (pom pom) should not be adopted in India. The pom pom though possessing great moral effect is not considered a sufficiently destructive weapon to warrant its introduction.

A DEVALLI MOTOR RUN.

After four years' motoring in and about Ahmedabad, which means being circumscribed to a limited area, I was determined to break through the "barbed fence" set up by the powers that be through their gross neglect of roads, bridging &c.

Providing Ahmedabad district was as well catered for, in the matter ways and communications, apart from railways, as, for instance such places as Poona, Nassik and even Surat, it would be an ideal centre both for tourist and shikar. Leave the city by whatever way you will, after the first few miles the road is either blocked by almost impassable sandy river beds or they degenerate into mere byle gharry tracks. The roads in the city itself present an object lesson to those interested in the question of local self-government, for it is a curious fact that when money is to be spent in this way, it generally goes in making or mending roads to and from either the residences or mills of some of the individuals composing the Committee appointed to supervise the work. The main roads of this city are a disgrace to the good old English name of "municipality" and the sooner someone else steps into their shoes the better for all.

The suggestion that naturally arises is that Government should take over the work, but in this particular instance are they any better than the Bunia Municipality of Ahmedabad. Judging by the condition of most roads outside the city, I should say they are not. With the exception of about six miles of the Sircage road, and which was put in good order as a famine relief work there is not a decent road here from any point.

However in an endeavour to make the best of what is, I started with the idea of making a round trip via Nariad, Dakor, Copperwanj, Modassa, Talod and back. The road up to Asallli, 8 miles is fairly decent, but from there to the 12th mile is nothing more than a sand trap. From the 12th mile a good road extends up to the river Watrak, 25 miles from here.

This road is what the natives call "Collector Sahib's Rusta." It appears that we are only favoured with good roads where the Burra Sahibs travel too and fro, to such places as Khaira for instance. Other roads are starved in order that these few roads may be kept in good condition for the moving about away from rails of the tin gods that be.

In this particular instance the road runs from Baradji station to the river bank opposite Khaira town. A branch leads of and crosses the Watrak at Vasna. Having provided for a gang of men from the village and with a good rope we were dragged through about 12 inches of sand and up the steep on the other side. Contract price Rs. five.

Once on the other side, and in the Khaira district the roads are all that can be desired, nothing could be finer than the 15 miles to Nariad, and I wonder the Ahmedabad Engineer does not vie with the Khairawalla in bringing his roads to this condition.

At Nariad a good. Dak bungalow stands, but without any attendants except a dirty apparently Mussalman, who only turned up for backsheesh when we were leaving. The road from Nariad to Dakor via Monda is good, and with the exception of the crossing of the river Mour, may be said to be one of the best. From Monda to Dakor it is new and made as recently as the famine year. It is not shown on the maps. If the river was bridged, no finer 26 miles running could be obtained anywhere about here.

From Dakor to Modassa via Copperwanj is a delightful run of about 60 miles over a road very little used and in grand order. God bless the Engineer of this district, I say, for his assiduous attendance to his work. It is quite a treat to be able to bestow a blessing upon a road engineer, living, as I do, in the benighted second city of the Presidency. Along this road real rural Indian life may be seen in all its pristine glory. Copperwanj with its walls and quaint streets, turned out to see its first motor. The place seemed fairly clean and, with its tortuous streets, presented a good picture of oriental life. The only blemish on its name I record was the Dak bungalow, which was destitute of furniture. Wishing to take a midday meal we stopped there, but lo! nothing but bare walls. After a time a kindly native brought us a table and some chairs from his house. I gathered that the bungalow was only furnished on state occasions. i e when some of the local powers that be condescended to call, the furniture being stored at the Mamlatdars. Leaving Copperwanj with its inhospitable bungalow, it was a treat to put up for an hour or so at the 22nd mile. Here a real bungalow, furnished and clean, stands on the banks of the river. After firing a few shots we managed to fetch up one solitary individual who kindly provided us with hot water for tea. In the meantime my chaffeuer had effected an entrance by some means well-known to his caste. We were here told that at Dhansuri, about 10 miles away, the country was disturbed by a real tiger, and that it might be found on the road. After passing the 'gaum' of that name and looking at the large tank there for duck which, by the bye, on all the tanks and rivers I visited not one was seen, we came across a lot of men armed with bows and arrows. Stopping to inquire they asked if we had a gun, I told them only shot guns. They begged us to get a "gouly bunddok" and come back and end their troubles. This place seemed alive with cattle and "stripes" may have found the meat good and means taking up his abode there until some enterprising shikari ends his career.

From Dhansuri to Modassa is a delightful spin, the country is thickly wooded and broken, some of the rivulets you cross remind one much of home with their overhanging trees and rocky bottoms.

Modassa is a fine old place, plague has never touched it yet, the dak bungalow is pleasantly situated on rising ground, through the kindness of a Khan Sahib there we were well catered for. Taking this gentleman out next morning for a run through the town we were surprised to find the whole place on fete. Everyone seemed to be dressed in his or her best. The overhanging verandahs were crowded with good looking dark females who cheered us as we passed. Altogether it was a great time for Mahomet Allik. Unfortunately the parish dog was present and one, anxious to propitiate the Juggernaut, threw himself under my wheels breaking his back and one of my springs.

From Modassa to Talod is a delightful run, equal to anything I have experienced either here or at home. At Harsol, a few yards from the road is a large square enclosure, cleanly kept, within which repose the mortal remains of Britishers who died long ago in the neighbouring, but now deserted, cantonment of Harsol. The dak bungalow here is prettily situated and quite English in appearance. The undulating country about here, the nice dips in the road all go to make the trip more pleasant.

A few miles out of Talod the road goes off to Ahmedabad, a fine broad road, once a real road, now a wreck of a road, impossible to negotiate. Why in these progressive times are roads like these allowed to go to wreck and ruin? I ask. Has the Sircar leagued with the railways to drive all traffic on to the iron road, willy nilly?

What about villagers wishing to drive from gaum to gaum? Have they to trudge over fields to get to a railway station in order to contribute their mite for a short journey and then trudge over fields again to their destination? One reads of once fair cities being now overwhelmed with sandy waste, but to see these once fair roads under the progressive British Raj allowed to come to the same fate is really sad. What would happen to a local body at home, if because a line was opened from some point or another they allowed the road to perish? No need to answer this. It is apparent. The only bit of road in this part kept in good condition is that from the station of Dhaboda to Sadra and on inquiry at the former place, I was told it was the Political sahib's sarak, meaning of course the Agency at Sadra.

Owing to this condition of affairs, I had to rail into Ahmedabad the last 30 miles. Some fine day the powers that be will regret the lapsing of these roads. India is not Europe.

Owing to the condition of the road, travelling by car further was impossible. From the railway can be seen only tracks of sand and the remains of the once bordering trees, where the road once ran. The recent heavy rains have further carried out the destruction, initiated by neglect. In a few years even the byle-gharry with its lumbering load will be unable to travel over it.

To get back to Ahmedabad after the good roads of other districts was like reaching an oasis surrounded by sandy waste. The pleasant impressions of the two previous days were soon obliterated. Retiring to rest on Sunday evening, I dreamt of the future. I saw old roads renovated, men busy patching and keeping already good roads in the pink of condition ; at a dak bungalow that shall be nameless, I met the collector and engineer there, outside were a couple of motor-cars with their native chaffeuers cleaning and oiling up. Conversation was being carried on as to the condition of certain roads. The Collector was drawing the Engineer's attention to a rut that was forming at mile 42 furlong 7. Said he, you know, if it is not seen to immediately it will develope into a dangerous spot, for I am running only a light car. You will see to it, won't you like a good fellow ?

The Engineer replied "Ah, let me see, I think, I know where you mean. By the bye, I haven't been over that spot these two days. It must have been the heavy grass traffic of the last few days that has done it." I saw everything alive and the police on duty at every thanna and post. The road metal grass grown at the road sides was absent and the road rollers were clean and bright instead of rusting away at the read side. A sub-overseer I talked to lamented the days of his father, when he could sit all day long and smoke his hooka without being troubled with this new invention of shaitan.

Presently I awoke and looked out of my window, gazing upon the sandy bed of the Sabarmati river. Looking across I could see the top of the factory, I am engaged in, not more than 1 1/4 miles away further down the river and across it runs a railway bridge wide enough to carry a roadway. To get to the aforesaid factory the road is nearly nine miles, and this in a thickly populated district. A military centre to boot, Ahmedabad is truly a city of the desert, so far as roads are concerned.

Ahmedabad, Oct. 30.

J. WILSON-HALL.

SCHOOLDAYS OF CELEBRITIES.

(Concluded from page 4.)

That may well be the case, for in the seventies I should think thirty per cent. of the whole school were birched at some time or other during their five or six years at Eton. Swishing, in fact, was thought nothing of, except, perhaps, at the psychological moment. This, however, has very little to do with the subject of my sketch, for young Brodrick never had any but the pleasantest interviews with Dr. Hornby, and his visits to the room where the block and birches are kept were in the honourable position of six-form boy.

St. John Brodrick was a valuable addition to "Pop," the Eton debating society, and took the greatest interest in everything connected therewith. Alfred Lyttelton and Ryle (Bishop of Winchester) were the main political combatants on the Liberal side, and Brodrick and Beckett Denison (now Lord Grimthorpe) on that of the Conservatives. The latter, however, even in those days, occasionally crossed the floor. It was later on, in Mr. Brodrick's University days, that he became seriously bitten with a desire to fight in the political arena. At "Speeches" in 1875 he distinguished himself, and the Archbishop Canterbury (Tait) who was present, told Brodrick's relatives that he ought to enter as early as possible on a Parliamentary career. I may mention, however, that when at Balliol he was President of the Union, strangely enough just preceding George Curzon, who went up to Oxford from Eton two years after Brodrick, and to the college. How thoroughly these two know each other, and what solid mutual respect must underlie all their political thrust and riposte !

Unless I am much mistaken, St. John Brodrick must have felt the strain of the last few years more than most people can realise. No one who has ever known him well can possibly pretend to doubt his good intention and honesty of purpose in anything he undertakes,—and the doubts, criticisms, and aspersions with which he has been at times assailed in the public press must have been harder for him to bear than for most men. This has been particularly the case of late, when the unfortunate "malentendu" with the Viceroy of India has been discussed at every street corner. The whole situation is particularly interesting to an old Eton contemporary who knew the boys so well that were the respective "fathers" (in the Wordsworthian sense) of the present distinguished statesmen.

I have only to close my eyes and I can see them both as Eton boys. What a contrast ! Young Brodrick sturdy, grave, almost solemn in manner, with extraordinarily deep-set, serious eyes, and a brow even as a boy knitted with those lines which are supposed to mark a sense of responsibility. On the other hand, little Curzon, round of face, with the pink-and-white complexion of a girl, pick in all his movements as he was in repartee—in a word, the embodiment of vigour and alertness of mind.

A duel coram publico between these old friends, who date their knowledge of each other from what might almost be called, childhood cannot fail to be of interest but at the same time it has its pathetic side. It is a modern replica of the friends of the old gladiatorial schools fighting in the public arena.

Without reaching the goal of every dry-bob at Eton St. John Brodrick was decidedly above the average as a cricketer, and often distinguished himself when playing for his house. In fact, at all the games he took up he was a success, for he brought to them not only energy, keenness, and good natural physical powers, but also a painstaking and perserving disposition.

I will close these random reminiscences with a description of a famous house match for the cup in which Brodrick was a prominent actor. It will be remembered that Mr. Oscar Browning, who had a large house at Eton, was resigning, and feeling ran very high in the school, the boys endorsing the opinions of their respective tutors. It so happened that Warre's and Browning's had both strong football teams, and were drawn against each other. All the school turned out to see the match which at times degenerated into little more than a pugilistic encounter, with little shinning matches in various parts of the field.

When time was called the match was a tie, and the excitement had redoubled by the day it was played off. Mulholland was captain of Warre's team Brodrick second captain, and Jacko Lambto (Lord Durham) and his twin brother Freddy were mainstays of the side. Everybody in the school assembled to see the match, for it was well known that something besides superiority at football underlay the contest. No sooner was the ball put in the bully by corner than the fun began. Free and desperate hacking was the order of the day, and when at last Brodrick and Jacko Lambton scored a goal for Warre's an indescribable scene of mad excitement ensued. How it would have ended it is impossible to say, had not the masters intervened and stopped the match.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ...	0	0	5
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri...............	3	1	11
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	0	0	13
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	4
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada...............	1	1	17
F Parel, Sewree and Sion ...	0	0	4
G Mahim and Worli	1	0	8
Water Division	0	0	0
North-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	5
Total............	5	2	67
Total plague deaths to date ...	304,704	928,192	[illegible]
Same date last year	7	8	88

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Cornish Paintings and Norfolk Drawings.

MUSICAL NOTES.

THEATRICAL JOTTINGS.

LONDON, Oct. 13.

Two unpretentious exhibitions of paintings and drawings have been held during the past few days, which have brought to London the atmosphere of the Cornish and Devon coasts, and interesting foreshore studies from Cromer and Overstrand. Many of Mr. Byron Cooper's paintings at Queensborough-terrace have true poetic feeling. The beauty of the still moonlight scene of The Harbour Bar grows on one the more one looks at it. In the Academy the painting was rather lost, but, placed beside Mr. Cooper's other pictures, it stands out as his masterpiece, the work, indeed, of an artist from whom even greater things may be expected. In addition to his Cornish pictures, Mr. Cooper has many interesting paintings of Surrey and Sussex scenery and of that of the Lake District and Wales. Mr. C. A. C. Jeffcock, whose drawings are exhibited at the Modern Gallery, 61, New Bond-street, has caught exactly the aspect of the Cromer coast, and his foreshore studies of sand and shingle and the ebb and flow of the tide, are admirable. The artist has also some rather remarkable sky effects. They are skies, after storms, that few of us, perhaps have seen. But how rarely two persons see nature in precisely the same mood. Some of Mr. Jeffcock's skies look a little unreal, but who shall say that he has not seen just what he has sketched ? One of his drawings has a peculiar interest, a town in ruin standing guard over the deep. The sea is gradually encroaching at this particular spot on the Norfolk coast, and soon the town there will stand guard no more.

The Autumn Exhibition at the Mendoza Gallery in New Bond-street is characteristically British. It is a somewhat indifferent collection of art in a magnificent setting illuminated by electric light. One gathers that there has been some design to bring together specimenes of the work of West Country artists, but a glance at the catalogue at once suggests the many well-known West Country painters who have been omitted. Mr. Olsson is here, and so is Mr. Tuke, and there are two of the best specimens of Mr Albert Goodwin's later work, The Invincible Armada and The Gate of the Inferno. There may be another half-dozen artists who would count in any estimate of current British painting. But beyond these it seems fairer to draw a curtain. Certainly behind that curtain the light of day and the pleasant harmonies of tone and colour have rarely penetrated. One wonders where these pictures go and who derives pleasure from their contemplation. One wonders, also, whether it would not serve the purposes of commerce better to make some recognition of the new knowledge on art questions which has reached the public since the dark days of the mid-Victorian era. It looks as if there was a reviving interest in water colour painting, that pleasant younger sister of the Arts who has never grown to maturity in England as she has grown in Holland and Scotland. At the Leicester Gallery there are now sixty-five landscapes by Mr. A. W. Weedon. R. I., and a collection of drawings by Mr. Reginald Barratt, A. R. W. S., and Mr. Alfred Powell. At the Ryder Gallery the older English school of water-colours is represented by a series of drawings by Mr. John Varley. Of more serious interest is the announcement by Messrs. Ernest Brown and Phillips that they propose to hold, in November, in the Leicester Galleries, an exhibition of eighty drawings covering all periods, by M. Harpignies. For the last twenty-five years. M. Harpignies influence on land scape painting, both in France and in England, has been incalculable.

The New English Art Club has returned to London. This is hardly an item of Society news for the club despite the length of its years, has grown and thriven without the incubus of aristocratic patrenage. One rarely sees a bishop at the New English Art Club and the crowd at the private view next Saturday will come in its hansoms and even in its humble bus. The demolition of the Egyptian Hall drove it for a season into the provinces and it has now found temporary lodgings at the Alpine Club in Mill-street. With Mr. Wilson Steer Mr: A E John, Mr- Rothenstein and Mr. W. Orpen to mention no other among the exhibitors, we may look with confidence to much distinguished work.

The opera season now proceeding at Covent Garden is chiefly directed by Signor Mugnone whose reputation has been already established in the world of conducting. Mugnone takes the double part, as so many others have taken, of composer and conductor ; for example, one of his most recent compositions was an opera entitled Vita Bretona, founded upon Pierre Loti's Les Pecheurs d'Islande, which, so we learn, has had a tremendous success not only in so comparatively neighbouring a place as the San Carlo, at Naples, but also at so many miles apart as Buenos Ayres. His record is an excellent and exceptional one. He was a student at the Naples Conservatoire, making his first success in that city at the Teatro Nuova in 1870, and he has conducted at such principal opera-houses as the San Carlo, the Teatro Real, Madrid ; La Scala, at Florence ; and at Paris. He was a friend of Verdi, and has been intimately associated with productions of Berlioz and Gluck in Italy. It is, therefore, with a really big record to back him that he has undertaken his work at Covent Garden. The Queen's Hall Orchestral Symphony Concerts for the forthcoming season have now been arranged, so far as arrangements made a month in advance, and extending to the early days of March during next year can be regarded as a definite future fact and certain in its fulfilment. On November 4, Richard Strauss will conduct, and the work chosen by him (as one supposes) is no less than the "Sinfonia Domestica." This composition has aroused no end of controversy, a fact which proves that it must be either extremely good or extremely bad. There never yet was a fight over mediocrity. On November 18, Mr. Kreisler will play the solo violin part in Brahms' Concerto in D for that instrument and orchestra, a work in which he is admittedly allowed to excel. On December 3, that admirable pianoforte player, M. Busoni, will play the solo part in Liszts Pianoforte Concerto in A major. On December 16 at the same concerts, Miss Ada Crossley will sing the inflammatus. With the turn of the year, at the fifth of these concerts Mlle Camilla Laudi proposes, on January 20 to sing various works hitherto as we should imagine, unknown, or practically unknown to the British concert-goer. The chief event of the season, however will undoubtedly be the appearance, at the Queens Hall of the Leeds Choral Union, who have undertaken not only to take part in Brahms Hymn of the Fates, but (and above many things) in the choral ballad entitled Tailleffer the Battle of Hastings), by Richard Strauss. We are promised here something very new and very modern in that art of music which has now so far made so many strides that its activity and vigour in modern times will surely become part of the history of the future. The anniversary of the death of Nelson and of the Battle of Trafalgar has called out a number of comments in connection with the musical emotions aroused by these events, the chief of which is concerned with that old, old song of Braham, "The Death of Nelson." Chief among these one must mention Mr. J. S. Sedlock's article, simply entitled "Nelson," which appears in the current number of the "Monthly Musical Record." As Mr. Shedlock shrewdly notes, neither Nelson nor Wellington displayed any special taste for music, yet it is connected in an interesting manner with the names of both. Beethovin himself was anxious to commemorate the Battle of Vittoria, and therefore gave to the world that curious battle tone-piece entitled "The Battle of Vittoria" Nelson lives chiefly in music through Braham's celebrated song. The Death of Nelson. It was first produced in an opera entitled, curiously enough. The Americans on April 27, 1811. The sensation then aroused by the work still continues until to-day and there is no doubt that the popular sentiment of the music and the words has endured to this time in a most curious alliance with the glory of Nelson.

Messrs. Vedrenne and Barker may always be depended on in their direction of the Court for something in the nature of a pleasing novelty. And their policy is such that these surprises come with agreeable frequency. However successful a production, they are not to be persuaded to continue its run beyond the period originally specified, and in this way the door is always open to them for the presentation of something new. Take, for instance, "John Bull's Other Island." At the present moment money is being turned away at every performance, yet the piece is to be withdrawn at the close of its six weeks' career. For the spring season, Messrs. Vedrenne and Barker are already completing their arrangements, and among the most interesting of their productions will then be Mr. Maurice Hewletts "Pan and the Young Shepherd," which, however, will be given, not as in its published form, but as specially re-written for the stage by the author. Music holds a prominent place in the piece, and the task of furnishing the score has been undertaken by Mr. W. H, Hawlett, a brother of the Poet. It is sufficiently rare for a play to be written by one brother and composed by another to make the occurance worth noting.

Last Friday Miss Olga Nethersole sailed for New York after spending a few week's in Paris. While there she acquired from M. Paul Hervien the rights in his new piece to be given at the Comedie Francaise in the course of next month. This Miss Nethersole has decided to produce in immediate succession to Mr. W.L. Courtney's adaptation of "Le Dedale." M. Horvieu, by the way, has been afforded an opportunity of reading Mr. Courtney's version of his work, and has expressed himself highly delighted with the skill and discrimination shown by the English writer. "Le Dedale" is to have its first performance at Washington on Monday, Oct. 23. Miss Nethersole, meantime, has been asked to give fifteen performances of pieces selected from her repertoire in Paris in May, and if possible, she will do this before starting her spring season in London.

Mr. Weedon Grossmith's graceful lct in inviting a number of students of the Royal Academy of Art School to witness a performance of The Duffer last Friday ensured for the clever comedian an enthusiastic reception, which naturally culminated in a vigorous demand for a speech. Mr. Grossmith's piece, it is pleasant to note, has quite made good its foothold at Terry's where it is being played to excellent houses nightly. On the other side of the Strand Dr. Wake's Patient has also established itself as a popular favourite, so much so that Mr. Otto Stuart is now endeavouring to secure another theatre to which to transfer the piece when it has to make place at the adelphi for the promised revival of As You Like It.

Mr. Alfred Butt, manager of the Palace, is in the pleasant position of having discovered a trouvaille in the shape of a new commedian. The announcement is one which should commend itself strongly to a laughter-loving public. The newcomer's name is Alfred Lester, and he has already been assigned a part in The Palace Review. The part is merely the humble one of a sceneshifter, but its value is not to be gauged by the modesty of its character. For even sceneshifters may be possessed by an irresistible ambition to play Hamlet, and to play it in a manner not often attempted. The reason why so many Hamlets fall is, it seems. because they get no comic relief into the role' and it is the infusion of this element into Mr. Lester's reading that makes it one of the most humorous things seen upon the stage for many a day. Meanwhile a new version of the Review is to be presented next Monday, when the Palace programme will be further strengthened by the introduction of several interesting novelties. The company, specially organised by Mr. Tree to tour Oliver Twist in the provinces, makes a start at Liverpool on Monday, Mr. Mackintosh will then appear as Fagin, and Miss Hutin Britton as Nancy. The last London appearances of the D'Oyly Carte Opera Company before leaving for South Africa take place next week, at the Marlborough. Holloway, where six of the most popular of the Gilbert-Sullivan operas will be presented. Friday evening has been set apart for the benefit of the League of Mercy, when a special performance, of Princes Ida is to be given.

COLOMBO GRAVING DOCK.

ANOTHER STAGE TOWARDS COMPLETION.

The 25th ultimo, marked another stage towards the completion of the Colombo Graving Dock, when the sluice in the dam separating the new work from the sea was opened and the dock filled with water for the first time. To understand the significance of the day's proceeding, it is necessary to explain that before the excavations for the dock were commenced a berm and cofferdam were constructed. The berm which runs from north to south across the entrance to the dock, was comprised of 3 to 5 tons lumps of rubble tipped so as to form a protection breakwater for the cofferdam during south-west monsoon. Inside this berm the cofferdam forming 3 sides of a rectangular figure was constructed being in all 980 feet long. This dam was constructed to keep out the sea water and permit of the building of the dock being carried on in the dry. It was constructed of teak and jarrah, principally the latter, 440 feet of it being formed of a single row of sheet piling to 540 feet of a double row of sheet piling, the intermediate space between the rows of piles being filled in with puddle. The construction was commenced on October 12th, 1899, and completed on January 25th 1901, on which day a start was made to pump out the water inside the dam, which was completed on January 27th noon, with very satisfactory results. Up till yesterday morning, the whole dock was dry : at 7-30 a. m., however, a sluice which had been made in the dam was raised and by 5 p m. the dock was filled, some

100,000. TONS OF WATER

having flowed in. The Dock lies nearly due east and west, a Jetty 130 feet long running out parallel to centre line or south side of Entranee, and a Guide Pier 700 feet long on the north side of entrance. The length over all of the Dock i. e. from cope line of entrance to cope line at Head of Dock was originally 663 feet, but another 100 feet extension was authorised by Government in December. 1902, making length over all 763 feet and the length over floor 700 feet, the width between main copings 113 feet, the width of floor 63 feet, the depth of floor below Low Water Ordinary Spring Tides at head of Dock is 33 feet and at stern 34 feet, the narrowest width between copings of entrance is 85 feet and the depth of invert of entrance below L. W. O. S. T. 30 feet The side-walls and bottom of Dock are built of concrete in mass work faced with Cornish granite, gneiss and concrete facing blocks. The granite was used in the entrance only the gneiss for all altars, copings, slides, flooring steps etc., and the concrete facing blocks between the upper altars, where not exposed to rubbing of any sort. The foundations for the Dock and entrance are carried down to rock level everywhere. The dock will be closed by means of a ship caisson which when not in use will be berthed alongside the south Jetty. a start was made with this work on 1st March 1899, when the Governor Sir J. West Ridgeway cut the first sod. Since that date the work has been pushed forward with all possible despatch. Up to March, 1904, 206, 280 cubic yards of excavations have been removed reducing the site down to L. W. O. S, T. at which level the trenches start. In the trenches and dumpling between walls 199,085 cubic yards had been excavated of which 43,463 cubic yards was rock which necessitated blasting. This finished the excavations for the dock proper below L. W. O. S. T. All the walls and floor are founded on suitable rock foundations ranging from 38ft. 6in to 78ft below L. W. O. S. T. The building of the Dock Walls was commenced on February 17th 1902. The ship caisson was built in the dock. It was being tested and balanced to-day. Round the entire outside of this ship is a broad strip of wood which fits into a groove on both sides of the wall at the entrance to the dock and thus.

SHUTS OUT THE WATER FROM THE SEA.

If the caisson is found all right, the pumping engines will then be tested, and if they prove satisfactory the dock will be emptied. The dam will then be removed and also the temporary breakwater erected outside and the dredgers set to work to make the entrance equal in depth, 33 feet, to the dock and the harbour outside. The Guide pier on the north side has yet to be carried out some 600 or 700 ft. into the sea. This will take some considerable time but after the dam and breakwater have been removed and the dredging completed the dock will be prepared to receive vessels. That will not be this year, however.—"Observer."

APPROPRIATION OF CABINS IN HIS MAJESTY'S SHIPS.

The Admiralty having had under their consideration the question of the appropriation of cabins in his Majesty's ships, have approved of the following alterations being made in para. 5 of Article 537, of the King's Regulations and Admiralty instructions. When a ship is commissioned, numbered cabins will be allowed as follows :—Occupation of Cabins.—Officers will be allowed a cabin in the following order of priority : (1) watch-keeping lieutenants in the complements ; (2) enginuer-lieutenants in the complements who keep watch at sea ; (3) other ward room officers not keeping watch, in the order of their relative seniority. The subaltern of Marines is always to have cabin. Choice of Cabins.—Officers who have been allotted number cabins should be allowed to choose their particular cabins in the order of their relative seniority. Should there be any cabins remaining, after one is approprited to each ward room officer, they should be allotted to warrant officers other than those for quarter-deck duties who may be without cabins. The remaining cabins are to be allotted at the discretion of the captain.

NOVEL WAR OFFICE PURCHASE.

After negotiations extending over 14 years, the War Office according to a Colchester correspondent has at length decided to acquire half the village of Fingringhoe in order to increase the manoeuvring ground to the south of Colchester by about 600acress The idea is to allow the field operations to proceed without cessation while the extensive Government range of Middlewick adjacent is being used by troops at musketry practice. The dwellers in the village, however. declare that on more than one occasion bullets have struck their houses. The acqussition of this new land will mean the destruction of ancient and picturespue dwellings and other relics of bygone ages including the village cagk for the incarceration of law breakers. Some time ago an interesting diary was unearthed at this spot quaintly mentioning an exisiting huge iron cauldron in the following entry :—"This iron horse pond was purchased for ton of carrots." It is expected that part of the new land will be in the possession of the authorities by Christmas a sum of money having already been voted towards the cost of the project.

THE JAPANESE NAVAL VISIT TO ENGLAND.

The prospect of a visit of Admiral Togo and the Japanese fleet to England has caused the liveliest satisfaction in British naval circles. The subject has been informally discussed between representatives of the two nations in this country, and it is known that the proposal has the approval of the authorities in Tokio. No date, however. has yet been mentioned for the visit. Nothing, said a Japanese official to a Press representative, "would delight the officers and men of the Japanese Navy more than to come to the shores of our ally, and I have no doubt that such a visit will take place as soon as possible. I am afraid, however, that it cannot be arranged immediately. Even if only six ships were to be sent it would cost Japan 3,000.000 yen, or about £300 000 and I do not think the Japanese Government would feel justified at the present juncture in spending that sum. Japan will soon recover herself, but it is a duty on the part of the Government to the people to husband now as much as possible the resources at its disposal. Meantime I am sure the British squadron will have a cordial reception in Japanese waters."

CRICKET.

A match was played yesterday between the S S Tintsein and H M T Plassy. H M Plassy made 132 (Dr Stewart 27, Weeks 27, and O. Goldsmith 20). S S Tintsein made 71 (Dawson 22.) For the winners Capt Dowell took 6 wickets for 20 runs.

BABY GIRL'S AWFUL HUMOUR

Would Scab Over, Break Open, and Be Raw—Intense Suffering for Two Years—Doctors and Medicines Failed to Help Her.

CURED BY CUTICURA WHEN ALL ELSE FAILED

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I remain, yours sincerely,

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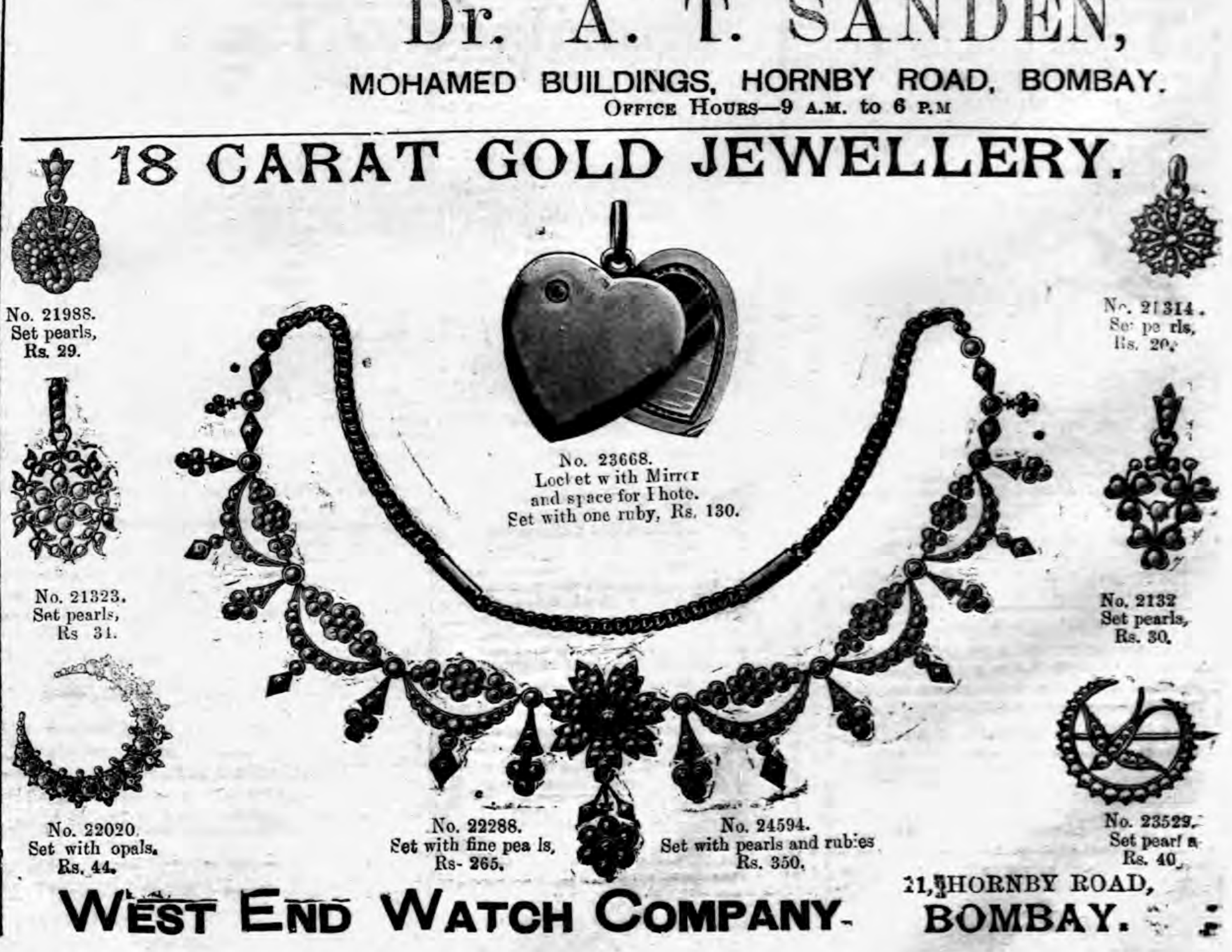
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WRITERS AND READERS.

THE baggage for posterity of Jose-Maria de Heredia, the splendid poet with the splendid name, whose death occurred last week, consists of a single volume, but it is sufficient. This volume, Les Trophees, was published in 1893 (not in 1903, as stated by a slip in the Times), but long before that he had been famous throughout lettered France as an unpublished poet for his sonnets, remarkable for a union of splendour and colour with precision and perfection of technique. Catulle Mendes described them as a mosaic of ruby, emerald, and chrysoprase. These sonnets were composed with extreme deliberation. He wrote, it was said, a sonnet a season; and this one small volume was the harvest of thirty years. From the first he was the favourite of fortune, equally acceptable in the worlds of literature and society. His ties, said Anatole France, were as flawless as his sonnets. The poet of Emaux et Camees welcomed him as a brother. Heredia, je t'aime, parceque tu porte un nom exotique et sonore, et parceque tu fais des vers, qui se recourbent commes des lambrequins heraldiques. To Leconte de Lisle he was as son and disciple. In turn he became the father-in-law of three of the most distinguished of the younger generation of men of latters—M. Henri de Regnier, M. Pierre Lonys, and M. Maurice Maindron. His daughter Madame de Regnier is already known herself as a writer of great distinction.

Dr. C. L. Shadwell has been chosen to succeed the late Dr. Monro as Provost of Oriel. Dr. Shadwell is known to literature as a Dante scholar and translator, and perhaps more widely as the editor of the two posthumous volumes of Pater's essays and of his Gaston Latour. He was of course, the C. L. S. to whom was dedicated Pater's first book, the Studies in the History of the Renaissence. Hardly have we survived the excitements of the Crabbe solemnities when another East Anglian worthy is about to have his anniversary celebration. On the nineteenth of this month, at Norwich, Lord Avebury will unveil a statue of Sir Thomas Brown who was born in London on October 19, 1605, and died at Norwich, where he had practised as a physician for nearly half a century, on October 19, 1628. There will be a memorial service at the Church of St. Peter, Mancroft, at Norwich, the church at which the author of Religio Medici worshipped with some regularity, and where his body was laid—not in an urn (since his coffin was broken by an accidental stroke of a pick his skull has been preserved in the museum at Norwich). The address will be given by Bishop Mitchinson, the present master of Sir Thomas Browne's College at Oxford. That college while he was in residence there, from Broadgate Hall became Prembroke College, famous later as the college of Samuel Johnson, who called it in this day a nest of singing birds.

Commemorative articles on Sir Thomas Browne will be found in the Fortnightly Review and Macmillan's Magazine both worth reading. Sir Thomas Browne, indeed, comes down to his present posterity handsomely recommended by the critical essayists. From Lamb and de Quincey to Pater and Lesie Stephen they have devoted themselves lovingly to set forth his qualities and his quiddities. Nor let me forget the eloquent pages of Professor Dowden. And now we are all awaiting Mr. Gosse's opportune volume on him in the English men of letters. He was himself of the family of the essayists—of the great family of Montaigh. For him, as Pater remarked, the public did not exist, but only the friendly reader. The public he called that numerous piece of monstrosity, which confused together, make but one great beast, and a monstrosity more prodigious than the Hydra. This by the way, is but a mild specimen of that famous style that an angry correspondent of the Academy lately command to Mr. George Neredith's imitation for its simplicty. What in the name of the Bodlieum, once exclaimed Mr. Birrel with escorn, has the public to do with literature? Mr Birrell has borrowed his own fine abostrophe to christen his forthcoming volume which he calls in the Name of the Bodleian and other Essays. Does Mr. Birrell also thereby mean to warn off the profane vulgar, and to address himself to the effect.

A correspondent of the "Acadamy" has been discrediting the poets' praise of mountains on the ground that the poets have not been mountaineers. By mountaineers is meant as appeared by the context, mountaineers in a sense recognised by the Alpine Club. But, after all, poetry and the "use of the rope" do not always go together. There may be poetry in the distant vision of unexplored peaks may there not? For the poet who has never dangled on a rope or balanced himself on an ice-step, Leslie Stephen was of the great age when mountaineering had still some of the magic and mystery of exploration and less of competitive gymanstics. Yet what was for Leslie Stephen "the playground of Europe" was for Ruskin the apocalyptic vision. One might claim the place of pre-eminent poet of the mountains for Ruskin, if one could bring oneself to referred to countenance the heresy of prose poetry. The writer referred to gives the plam to Goethe, for a quotation from the Psalms. Mounted on a moderate eminence, Goethe was moved to exclaim. What is man that Thou art mindful of him, or the son of man that Thou so regardest him? The October number of The Author contains a full report of the judgment of Mr. Justice Warrington in the case of E. V. Lucas v. Moncrieff. The case arose out of Mr. Grant Richards's bankruptcy, and involved the question of the copyright of Mr. Lucas's delightful authology The Open Road. It was contended by the trustee in the bankruptcy that the effect of the general arrangement by which Mr. Lucas agreed to act as reader at a salary for Mr. Grant Richards, coupled with the letters in which Mr. Lucas propounded his idea of the book and the terms on which he was prepared to compile it, was to vest the copyright in the publisher. The judge was unable to assent to this view, and decided the case in Mr. Lucas's favour. The case is worth the attention of all about to enter into this kind of engagement. It has this moral: Authors should bear in mind that agreements of this kind may come to be enforced, not by the friend the publisher, the enlightened patron of letters, but by executors and assignees and trustees in bankruptcy—unsympathetic persons, it may be, without a literary conscience.

In an article called Une grande Colonie Anglaise, M. Paul Mimade gives what is really a bird's-eye veiw of the administration of our great dependency. He is loud in his admiration of the India Council Act, 1861, as a piece of constructive legistation, and compares, somewhat fancifully the Governor-General and the Governors of Bombay and Madras, who form the pinnacles of its system, to the great Hindu traid of Brahma Vishnu and Siva. He gives a very clear account of the constitution of the Viceroy's Council, which may be recommended as an easy crib to those who wish to find themselves well-posted when the inevitable squabble over Lord Curzon's administration begins with the reopening of Parliament; and he does no less than justice to our Indian Civil Service which he thinks, with reason, the most disinterested and public-spirited in the world. On some other questions, he is not altogether so complimentary. The Indian Army is, he says' formidable only on paper, and the only soldiers it contains worthy of the name are supplied by the English garrison and a few Sikh regiments. Perhaps there was once something in this, but we will hope that, by now Lord Kitchener has altered this state of things. Public education, he thinks, is a farce, and the only natives who avail themselves of it are those looking out for well-paid places. On the other hand, he speaks well of the P. W. D., and says that if we were swept out of India to-morrow, Royal Indian Engineery (sic!) College will have left its monument in the magnificent roads and bridges set up by its pupils.

So, too, our management of the finances, which is generally much misrepresented by Continental critics receives his praise, and he notes with astonishment that even prison labour is in India made to pay its way. As to the endurance of our rule, he is perfectly sound on the point that there never was an Indian people but only a seething mass of diverse tribes and races, the relics of many conquests and invasions, and he says that the withdrawal of the British forces would mean the return of chaos. He admits that it would be difficult to find anywhere a form of Government more competent, more enlightened, and more capable of pursuing a continuous policy than that set up by the rulers of India but perhaps he does not entirely distinguish between Government and colonisation. In a country like Canada, the English race has shown what it can do as colonists, but when did we ever attempt to colonise India?

Sir Robert Douglas's protest against the wholesale robbery of ancient Chinese books from the Imperial Library at Mukden seems to have been unavailing and the only chance for civilisation is that they may eventually find their way to the Hermitage or some other home of learning at St. Petersburg. War is, indeed, the enemy of letters and while I write news comes that the priceless literary treasures of Strasburg are in a very bad state.

ONE of the complaints to Mr. Fordham at North London was by a woman who said her young man lodger came down to her kitchen without any clothes on.—Mr. Fordham: At which, of course, you were very much shocked. But times are changing. It is said that the only sensible people are those who go about without hats; and perhaps the idea is developing, and the only sensible people are those who go without clothes. Is this man a lunatic?—The Applicant: I don't know; but I understand he is married (laughter).—Mr. Fordham: I should think the best thing for your husband to do is to turn him out.

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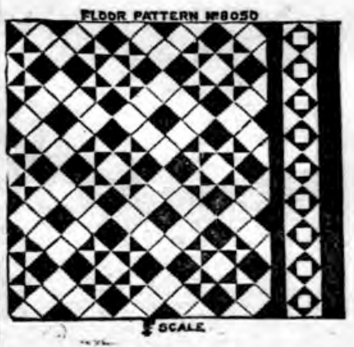

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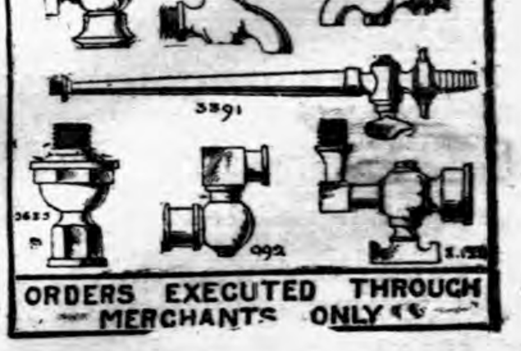

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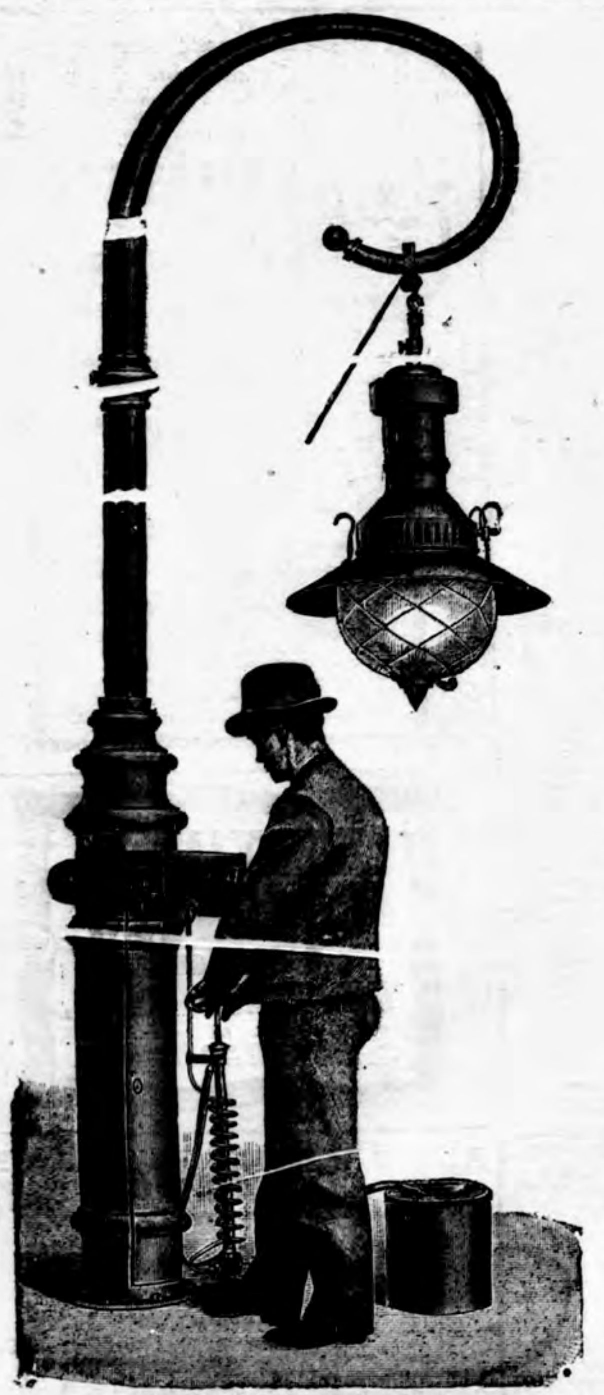

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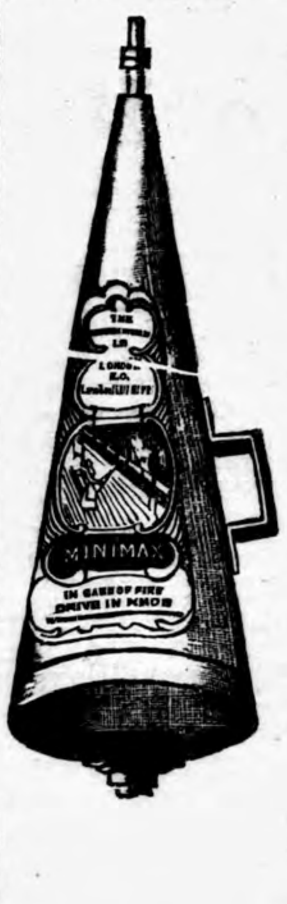

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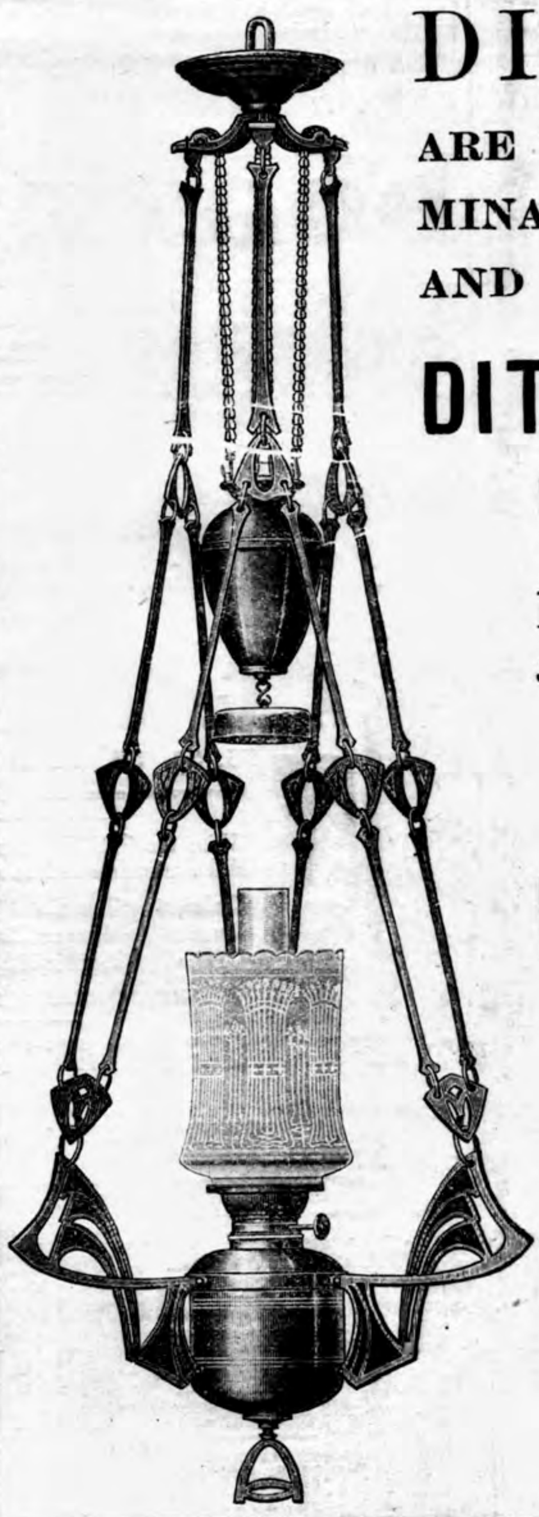

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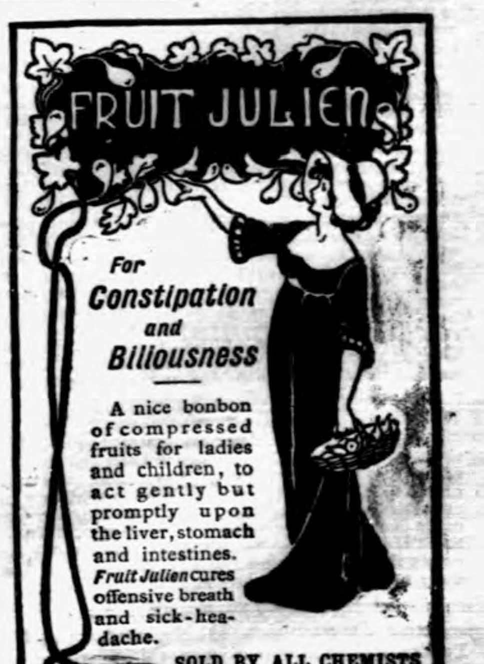

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